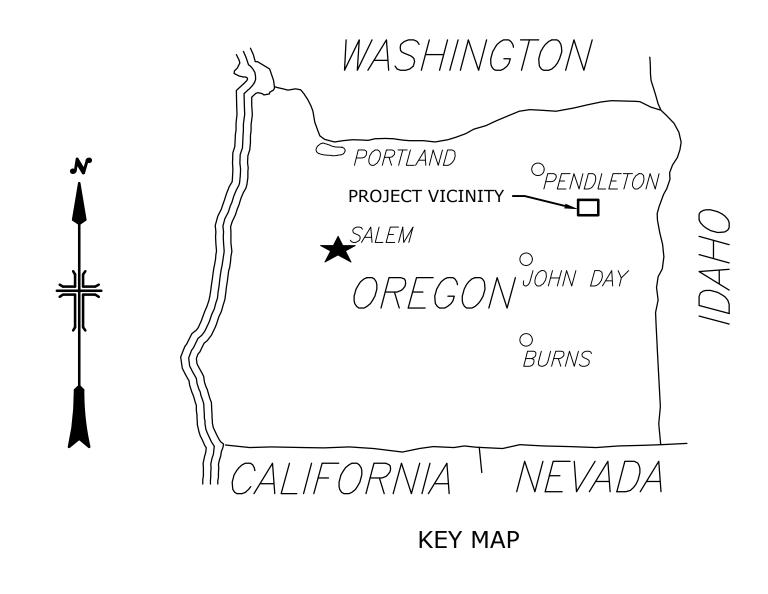
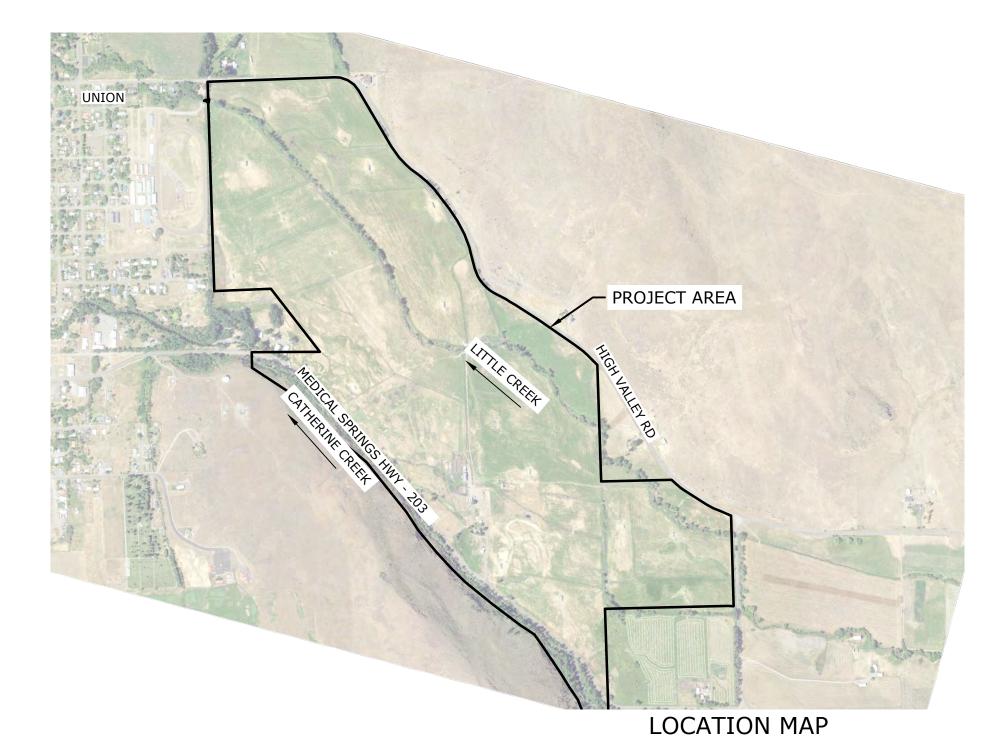
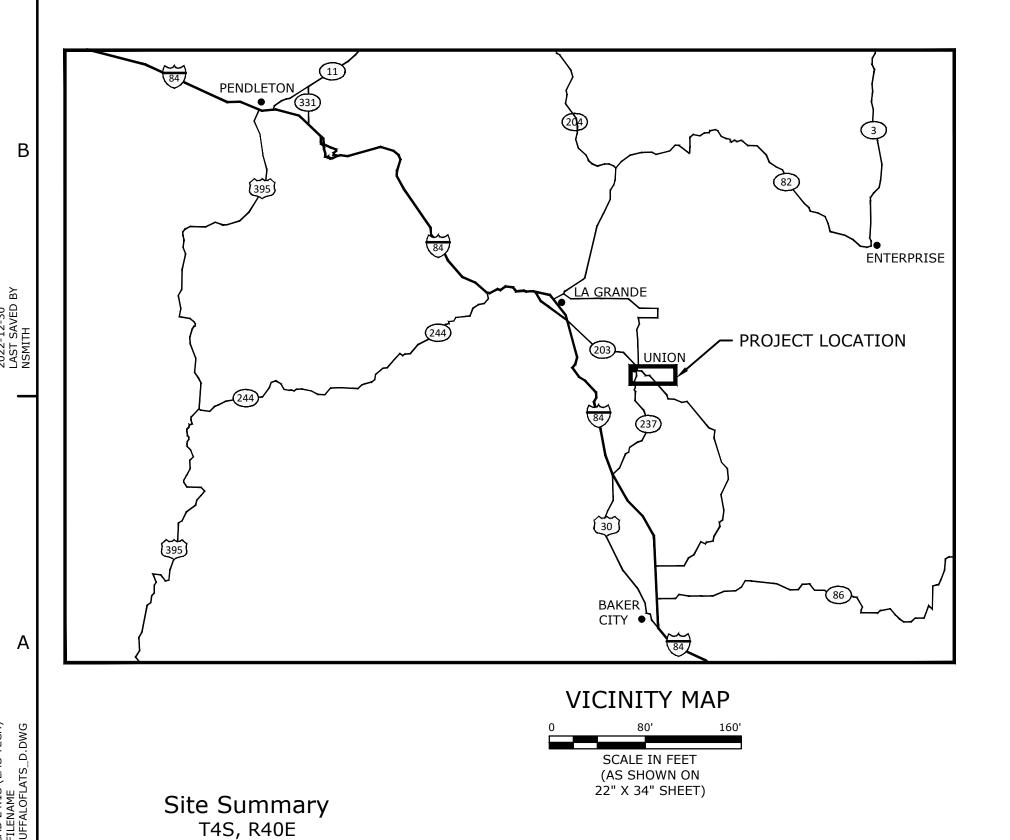
BUFFALO FLATS HABITAT IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

LITTLE CREEK - GRANDE RONDE RIVER SUBBASIN 30% DESIGN DRAWINGS
DECEMBER 31, 2022







Union County, Oregon

PREPARED BY:

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ON BEHALF OF:

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PARTNERS:

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UNION SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
CTUIR
TROUT UNLIMITED
LANDOWNERS

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— BUREAU OF — RECLAMATION



COLUMBIA/SNAKE RIVER SALMON RECOVERY PROGRAN FCRPS HABITAT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM - OREGON GRANDE RONDE RIVER SUBBA

CONTRACTOR DRAWN

ACCEPTED

COVER, SHEET INDEX &

VICINITY MAPS

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- 1. Work shown in these contract documents will be performed for the Union County Soil and Water Conservation District, herein referred to as "Contracting Agency". Contracting Agency's representative assigned by Contracting Agency is herein referred to as the "Contracting Officer".
- 2. The drawings contained within should not be applied to any project except the one specified.

 3. For those portions of full-size drawings (22x34 inches) showing scale bars, the major scale unit
- 3. For those portions of full-size drawings (22x34 inches) showing scale bars, the major scale unit equals 1 inch. On comparable portions of half-size drawings (11x17 inches), the major scale unit equals 1/2 inch.
- 4. Elevations and distances shown are in feet and decimals with contour intervals at 1-foot and 5-foot increments.
- 5. Horizontal datum is State Plane Coordinate System, Oregon North Zone, NAD83 (2011), International Feet. The vertical datum is NAVD88.
- 6. Topographic mapping within stream banks was performed by TWI (Fall 2005) and supplemented in 2019 (USBR and Inter-Fluve) and 2020 (USBR). Geometry of the stream bed and banks at the time of construction may be different than shown on the Drawings. Topographic mapping outside the stream banks is based on 2008 LIDAR performed by Watershed Sciences (Corvallis, Oregon), and supplemental survey performed by USBR (2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020) and Inter-Fluve (2019 and 2022).

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining, at Contractor's expense, all other permits as required by local, state, and Federal agencies (SWPPP for Construction Activities).
- 2. Contractor shall pursue work in a diligent manner and provide all material, labor, and equipment required to ensure timely completion of the project excluding materials provided by Contracting Agency.
- 3. Contractor shall furnish all material and workmanship necessary for compliance with permit conditions, approving agency (Contracting Agency) requirements, and contract documents.
- 4. Contractor shall post on-site in a location visible to the public the following documentation:
- a. Contractor's contact name, phone number, and address for the person responsible for oversight;b. A description of the hazardous materials that will be used, including inventory, storage, and
- handling procedures;

 c. Procedures to contain and control a spill of any hazardous material generated, used, or stored
- c. Procedures to contain and control a spill of any hazardous material generated, used, or stored on-site, including notification of proper authorities; and
- d. A standing order to cease work in the event of high flows (as defined in specifications) except as necessary to minimize resource damage (above those addressed in the design and implementation plans) or exceedance of take or water quality limitations.
- 5. Contractor shall construct the project in accordance with the contract documents provided by Contracting Agency. Work shall not be done without the current set of approved construction plans.
- 6. Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for the conditions of the Project Site, including safety of all persons and property during performance of the work. The contractor shall ensure that all work conforms to pertinent safety regulations and codes including OSHA.
- 7. All work within the existing ordinary high water and/or the diverted actively flowing channel shall occur within the allowable Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife in-water work window.
- 8. Contractor shall coordinate with Contracting Officer to ensure fish salvage within the Project Site has been accomplished prior to construction activities. Fish salvage will be the responsibility of Contracting Agency.
- 9. Contracting Officer

 Contracting Officer
- 10. Construction shall minimize disturbance to existing riparian vegetated areas and maximize reuse of existing riparian vegetation.
- 11. All native materials not used on-site shall be disposed of on-site by Contractor as directed by the Contracting Officer and all non-native materials shall be hauled offsite by Contractor and properly disposed of.

UTILITY NOTES

- The location of existing utilities shown on the drawings are approximate and have not been field verified. Utility location and protection is the sole responsibility of the contractor. The contractor shall be responsible for verifying the exact type, owner, location, and elevation of all buried and overhead utilities. It is the contractor's responsibility to perform the work in a safe manner and in accordance with any requirements set forth by the utility owner and applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. Contractor shall notify utility owners within the limits of construction a minimum of two weeks prior to excavation or other construction activity that may impact the utility. Contractor shall also contact the contracting officer prior to any construction activity in the area. Contractor shall provide access to utility owners for maintenance and work on their utilities during the course of the work.
- 3. Relocations and/or replacements of existing utilities shall be coordinated by the contractor with the utility owner. Contractor shall contact, schedule, and establish utility shut down times and determine the relocation and/or replacement requirements of existing utilities prior to the start of any work. The utility shall be relocated or replaced to the satisfaction of the utility owner.
- 4. The size, location and type of underground utilities exposed or modified by the contractor shall be accurately noted and placed on the contractor's as-built drawings.

CARE OF WATER

1. The Contractor is responsible for work area isolation and performing work in compliance with all permits and ESA stipulations which are detailed in BPA's HIP IV conservation measures on sheet 3. The Contractor may only work within ordinary high water (OHW) during the stipulated in-water work period.

WETLANDS AND WATERS OF THE US

1. The ordinary high water (OHW) and wetland lines displayed in this design package were delineated by inter-Fluve staff in 2019 and are based upon analysis, modeling, field reconnaissance and best professional judgement.

These do not represent jurisdictional boundaries. Within the state of Oregon, the Army Corps of Engineers and the Department of State Lands have the final authority in determining waters and wetlands boundaries and regulations.

EARTHWORK QUANTITIES				
CUT (CY) FILL (CY)				
Excavation	30,000	30,000		

TREATMENT QUANTITIE	S
TREATMENT TYPE	QUANTITY
Small whole tree	408
Log with rootwad	38
Post assisted brush mound	125 LF
Willow trench	7850 LF
Flood fence	1550 LF

ABBREVIATIONS

AC	Acre
BMP	Best Management Practices
B.O.	Biological Opinion
BPA	Bonneville Power Administration
CFS	Cubic Feet per Second

CO / C.O. Contracting Officer
CP Control Point
CSRO Columbia-Snake Salmon Recovery Office

CWA Clean Water Act
CY Cubic Yards

DBH Diameter at Breast Height
DC Direct Current

DEQ Department Environmental Quality
DSL Department of State Lands
E East

El Elevation

EPA Environmental Protection Agency
ESA Endangered Species Act
FCRPS Federal Columbia River Power System

FG Finished Grade FT Foot

GRMW Grande Ronde Model Watershed HIP Habitat Improvement Program

Hwy Highway
I Interstate
IN Inch
LBS Pounds

LF Linear Feet
LWM Large Woody Material
MAX Maximum

MC Main Channel
MIN Minimum
MW Monitoring Well
N North

NAD North American Datum
NAVD North American Vertical Datum
NEPA National Environmental Policy Act
NMFS National Marine Fisheries Service

NPDES National Pollution Discharge Elimination System
ODFW Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation
OHW Ordinary High Water

OR Oregon
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PDC Pulsed Direct Current PH Phone

PLS/AC Pure Live Seed per Acre
R Range

South
Side Channel
Sec.
Section

SHPO State Historic Preservation Office

STA Station

SWCD Soil and Water Conservation District
SWPPP Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

SY Square Yards Township

TESC Temporary Erosion & Sediment Control
TOB Top of Bank
Typ Typical
U.S. United States

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USBR United State Bureau of Reclamation
USES United States Forest Service

USFS United States Forest Service
USFWS United States Fish & Wildlife Service

v Volts W West

WSE Water Surface Elevation YR Year Micro-Siemens





COLUMBIA/SNAKE RIVER SALMON RECOVERY PROGRAM
FCRPS HABITAT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM - OREGON

RANDE RONDE RIVER SIVER SUBBASIN

ALWAYS

CONTRACTOR PRAWN

ACCEPTED

UNION, OR

GENERAL NOTES, QUANTITIES & ABBREVIATIONS

2022-12-3

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SHEET 2 OF 29

CAD SYSTEM AutoCAD 24.1S (LMS TEC CAD FILENAME A. MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES WILL BE SELECTED, OPERATED, AND

MAINTAINED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES ADVERSE EFFECTS ON THE

ENVIRONMENT (E.G., MINIMALLY-SIZED, LOW PRESSURE TIRES; MINIMAL

B. EQUIPMENT WILL BE STORED, FUELED, AND MAINTAINED IN AN CLEARLY

D. BIODEGRADABLE LUBRICANTS AND FLUIDS WILL BE USED ON EQUIPMENT

F. EQUIPMENT WILL BE THOROUGHLY CLEANED BEFORE OPERATION BELOW

1. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS WILL BE IN PLACE BEFORE ANY SIGNIFICANT

2. IF THERE IS A POTENTIAL FOR ERODED SEDIMENT TO ENTER THE STREAM,

BINDER, OR GEOTEXTILES AND GEOSYNTHETIC FABRIC;

4. SOIL STABILIZATION UTILIZING WOOD FIBER MULCH AND TACKIFIER

1/3 OF THE EXPOSED HEIGHT OF THE CONTROL; AND

EROSION CONTROL WILL BE AVAILABLE AT THE WORK SITE

CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE REMOVED.

A SUPPLY OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MATERIALS; AND

CONTROL MEASURES

SUBJECT TO WIND EROSION.

DUST ABATEMENT CHEMICALS.

ALTERATION OF THE ACTION SITE AND APPROPRIATELY INSTALLED

SEDIMENT BARRIERS WILL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED FOR THE

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY INCLUDE SEDGE MATS, FIBER

TERRESTRIAL ANIMALS, SOIL MICROORGANISMS, AND VEGETATION;

5. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM EROSION CONTROLS ONCE IT HAS REACHED

ONCE THE SITE IS STABILIZED AFTER CONSTRUCTION, TEMPORARY EROSION

B. EMERGENCY EROSION CONTROLS. THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS FOR EMERGENCY

2. AN OIL-ABSORBING FLOATING BOOM WHENEVER SURFACE WATER IS PRESENT

A. THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE DUST CONTROL

MEASURES BY CONSIDERING SOIL TYPE, EQUIPMENT USAGE, PREVAILING WIND

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, CALCIUM CHLORIDE SALTS, OR LIGNINSULFONATE) WILL

NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN 25 FEET OF WATER OR A STREAM CHANNEL AND WILL BE

APPLIED SO AS TO MINIMIZE THE LIKELIHOOD THAT THEY WILL ENTER STREAMS.

GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD OF ROAD SURFACE, ASSUMING MIXED 50:50 WITH

D. APPLICATION OF DUST ABATEMENT CHEMICALS WILL BE AVOIDED DURING OR JUST

COULD RESULT IN UNFILTERED DELIVERY OF THE DUST ABATEMENT MATERIALS TO

BEFORE WET WEATHER, AND AT STREAM CROSSINGS OR OTHER AREAS THAT

A WATERBODY (TYPICALLY THESE WOULD BE AREAS WITHIN 25 FEET OF A

WATERBODY OR STREAM CHANNEL; DISTANCES MAY BE GREATER WHERE

E. SPILL CONTAINMENT EQUIPMENT WILL BE AVAILABLE DURING APPLICATION OF

A. A DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS THAT WILL BE USED, INCLUDING

INVENTORY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING PROCEDURES WILL BE AVAILABLE

B. WRITTEN PROCEDURES FOR NOTIFYING ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE AGENCIES

C. SPILL CONTAINMENT KITS (INCLUDING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANUP AND

DISPOSAL) ADEQUATE FOR THE TYPES AND QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS

MATERIALS USED AT THE SITE WILL BE AVAILABLE AT THE WORK SITE.

BE INFORMED OF THE LOCATION OF SPILL CONTAINMENT KITS.

E. ANY WASTE LIQUIDS GENERATED AT THE STAGING AREAS WILL BE

SOIL, OR OTHER ORGANIC MATERIAL ADHERES TO THE SURFACE.

D. WORKERS WILL BE TRAINED IN SPILL CONTAINMENT PROCEDURES AND WILL

UNTIL THEY CAN BE PROPERLY TRANSPORTED TO AND DISPOSED OF AT A

F. PUMPS USED ADJACENT TO WATER SHALL USE SPILL CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS.

A. PRIOR TO ENTERING THE SITE, ALL VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT WILL BE POWER

B. WATERCRAFT, WADERS, BOOTS, AND ANY OTHER GEAR TO BE USED IN OR

PROPENSITY FOR AIDING IN THE TRANSFER OF INVASIVE SPECIES UNLESS

DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE EC LEAD.

NEAR WATER WILL BE INSPECTED FOR AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES.

C. WADING BOOTS WITH FELT SOLES ARE NOT TO BE USED DUE TO THEIR

WASHED, ALLOWED TO FULLY DRY, AND INSPECTED TO MAKE SURE NO PLANTS,

FACILITY THAT IS APPROVED FOR RECEIPT OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

TEMPORARILY STORED UNDER AN IMPERVIOUS COVER, SUCH AS A TARPAULIN,

F. PETROLEUM-BASED PRODUCTS WILL NOT BE USED FOR DUST ABATEMENT.

VEGETATION IS SPARSE OR SLOPES ARE STEEP).

11. SPILL PREVENTION, CONTROL, AND COUNTER MEASURES

WILL BE POSTED AT THE WORK SITE.

APPLICATIONS OF LIGNINSULFONATE WILL BE LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM RATE OF 0.5

DIRECTION, AND THE EFFECTS CAUSED BY OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT

B. WORK WILL BE SEQUENCED AND SCHEDULED TO REDUCE EXPOSED BARE SOIL

C. DUST-ABATEMENT ADDITIVES AND STABILIZATION CHEMICALS (TYPICALLY

WATTLES, SILT FENCES, JUTE MATTING, WOOD FIBER MULCH AND SOIL

(HYDRO-APPLIED) MAY BE USED TO REDUCE EROSION OF BARE SOIL IF

THE MATERIALS ARE NOXIOUS WEED FREE AND NONTOXIC TO AQUATIC AND

DOWNSLOPE OF PROJECT ACTIVITY WITHIN THE RIPARIAN BUFFER AREA UNTIL

A. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES INCLUDE:

DURATION OF PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION:

SITE REHABILITATION IS COMPLETE;

OPERATING IN AND ADJACENT TO THE STREAM CHANNEL AND LIVE WATER.

E. EQUIPMENT WILL BE INSPECTED DAILY FOR FLUID LEAKS BEFORE LEAVING THE

VEHICLE STAGING AREA FOR OPERATION WITHIN 150 FEET OF ANY NATURAL

ORDINARY HIGH WATER, AND AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY DURING OPERATION, TO

IDENTIFIED STAGING AREA THAT MEETS STAGING AREA CONSERVATION

C. EQUIPMENT WILL BE REFUELED IN A VEHICLE STAGING AREA OR IN AN ISOLATED

HARD ZONE, SUCH AS A PAVED PARKING LOT OR ADJACENT, ESTABLISHED ROAD

THIS MEASURE APPLIES ONLY TO GAS-POWERED EQUIPMENT WITH TANKS LARGER

WET AREAS OR ON SENSITIVE SOILS).

WATER BODY OR WETLAND

HARD-TURN PATHS FOR TRACKED VEHICLES; TEMPORARY MATS OR PLATES WITHIN

HIP GENERAL CONSERVATION MEASURES APPLICABLE TO ALL ACTIONS

THE ACTIVITIES COVERED UNDER THE HIP ARE INTENDED TO PROTECT AND RESTORE

USFWS AND NMFS) WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL ACTIONS OF THIS PROJECT.

WILL BE OBTAINED BEFORE PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION.

. STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS

FEMA NO-RISE ANALYSES.

TIMING OF IN-WATER WORK

BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT.

B. THE SITE ASSESSMENT WILL SUMMARIZE:

B. AREAS TO BE FLAGGED WILL INCLUDE:

EQUIPMENT ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS;

NO-SPRAY AREAS AND BUFFERS.

TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS

MATCH THE ORIGINAL CONTOUR.

DURING SENSITIVE LIFE STAGES.

MAIN CHANNEL WHENEVER POSSIBLE;

OBLITERATED AND BANKS RESTORED.

SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED AND FLAGGED AREA.

WILL BE DISPOSED OF OUTSIDE THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

STAGING, STORAGE, AND STOCKPILE AREAS.

TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS

WILL BE MINIMIZED.

3. ROAD AND STREAM CROSSING ALIGNMENTS:

STATE BIOLOGISTS AND BPA'S EC LEAD.

FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT WITH LONG-TERM BENEFITS TO ESA-LISTED SPECIES. THE

FOLLOWING GENERAL CONSERVATION MEASURES (DEVELOPED IN COORDINATION WITH

PROJECT DESIGN AND SITE PREPARATION.

A. ALL APPLICABLE REGULATORY PERMITS AND OFFICIAL PROJECT AUTHORIZATIONS

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT, NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT,

WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE (WDFW), IDAHO DEPARTMENT

GUIDELINES FOR TIMING OF IN-WATER WORK WINDOWS (IWW) WILL BE FOLLOWED.

OF FISH AND GAME (IDFG), AND MONTANA FISH WILDLIFE AND PARKS (MFWP))

B. CHANGES TO ESTABLISHED WORK WINDOWS WILL BE APPROVED BY REGIONAL

C. BULL TROUT, FOR AREAS WITH DESIGNATED IN-WATER WORK WINDOWS FOR BULL

TROUT OR AREAS KNOWN TO HAVE BULL TROUT, PROJECT PROPONENTS WILL

REASONABLE IMPLEMENTATION MEASURES ARE CONSIDERED AND AN APPROPRIATE

LAMPREY WILL BE AVOIDED FROM MARCH 1 TO JULY 1 FOR REACHES <5,000 FEET IN

ELEVATION AND FROM MARCH 1 TO AUGUST 1 FOR REACHES >5,000 FEET. IF EITHER

CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE USFWS FIELD OFFICE TO INSURE THAT ALL

IN-WATER WORK WINDOW IS BEING USED TO MINIMIZE PROJECT EFFECTS.

TIMEFRAME IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH OTHER OBJECTIVES. THE AREA WILL BE

SURVEYED FOR NESTS AND LAMPREY PRESENCE, AND AVOIDED IF POSSIBLE. IF

E. THE IN-WATER WORK WINDOW WILL BE PROVIDED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.

A. EXCAVATION OF MORE THAN 20 CUBIC YARDS WILL REOUIRE A SITE VISIT AND

DOCUMENTED ASSESSMENT FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINANT SOURCES. THE SITE

ASSESSMENT WILL BE STORED WITH PROJECT FILES OR AS AN APPENDIX TO THE

1. THE SITE VISIT, CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY, AND IDENTIFICATION OF ANY

OPERATORS, OCCUPANTS, NEIGHBORS, OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS;

1. SENSITIVE RESOURCE AREAS, SUCH AS AREAS BELOW ORDINARY HIGH WATER,

A FXISTING ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL BE PREFERENTIALLY LISED WHENEVER

C. TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL NOT BE BUILT ON SLOPES WHERE

EROSION OR FAILURE, IF SLOPES ARE STEEPER THAN 30%, THEN THE ROAD WILL

ACCESS ROADS WILL BE MINIMIZED. WHEN TEMPORARY VEGETATION REMOVAL IS

OBLITERATED, AND THE SOIL WILL BE STABILIZED AND REVEGETATED. ROAD AND

BE DESIGNED BY A CIVIL ENGINEER WITH EXPERIENCE IN STEEP ROAD DESIGN.

D. THE REMOVAL OF RIPARIAN VEGETATION DURING CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY

REQUIRED, VEGETATION WILL BE CUT AT GROUND LEVEL (NOT GRUBBED).

AT PROJECT COMPLETION ALL TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL BE

PATH OBLITERATION REFERS TO THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE DEGREE OF

DECOMMISSIONING AND INVOLVES DECOMPACTING THE SURFACE AND DITCH.

PULLING THE FILL MATERIAL ONTO THE RUNNING SURFACE, AND RESHAPING TO

HELICOPTER FLIGHT PATTERNS WILL BE ESTABLISHED IN ADVANCE AND LOCATED

WHENEVER REASONABLE, AND THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS

CONSTRUCTION. TREATED WOOD SHALL NOT BE USED ON TEMPORARY BRIDGE

CROSSINGS OR IN LOCATIONS IN CONTACT WITH OR DIRECTLY OVER WATER.

C. FOR PROJECTS THAT REQUIRE EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES TO CROSS IN THE WET:

THE BPA EC LEAD AND DOCUMENTED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS;

3. NO STREAM CROSSINGS WILL OCCUR 300 FEET UPSTREAM OR 100 FEET

4. AFTER PROJECT COMPLETION, TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE

STORAGE, FUELING, SERVICING, AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE) WILL BE

150 FEET OR MORE FROM ANY NATURAL WATER BODY OR WETLAND. STAGING

SUCH AS LARGE WOOD, GRAVEL, AND BOULDERS, MAY BE STAGED WITHIN 150

ANY LARGE WOOD, TOPSOIL, AND NATIVE CHANNEL MATERIAL DISPLACED BY

FEET IF CLEARLY INDICATED IN THE PLANS THAT AREA IS FOR NATURAL MATERIALS

CONSTRUCTION WILL BE STOCKPILED FOR USE DURING SITE RESTORATION AT A

ANY MATERIAL NOT USED IN RESTORATION, AND NOT NATIVE TO THE FLOODPLAIN,

DOWNSTREAM OF AN EXISTING REDD OR SPAWNING FISH; AND

A. STAGING AREAS (USED FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT STORAGE, VEHICLE

B. NATURAL MATERIALS USED FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF AQUATIC RESTORATION,

AREAS CLOSER THAN 150 FEET WILL BE APPROVED BY THE EC LEAD.

1. THE LOCATION AND NUMBER OF ALL WET CROSSINGS SHALL BE APPROVED BY

2. VEHICLES AND MACHINERY SHALL CROSS STREAMS AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE

TO AVOID TERRESTRIAL ESA-LISTED SPECIES AND THEIR OCCUPIED HABITAT

A. EXISTING STREAM CROSSINGS OR BEDROCK WILL BE PREFERENTIALLY USED

B. TEMPORARY BRIDGES AND CULVERTS WILL BE INSTALLED TO ALLOW FOR

EOUIPMENT AND VEHICLE CROSSING OVER PERENNIAL STREAMS DURING

GRADE, SOIL, OR OTHER FEATURES SUGGEST A LIKELIHOOD OF EXCESSIVE

PATHS THROUGH RIPARIAN AREAS AND FLOODPLAINS WILL BE MINIMIZED.

REASONABLE, AND THE NUMBER AND LENGTH OF TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND

2. AVAILABLE RECORDS, SUCH AS FORMER SITE USE, BUILDING PLANS, AND

3. INTERVIEWS WITH KNOWLEDGEABLE PEOPLE, SUCH AS SITE OWNERS,

4. THE TYPE, QUANTITY, AND EXTENT OF ANY POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

A. CONSTRUCTION AREAS TO BE CLEARLY FLAGGED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

SPAWNING AREAS, SPRINGS, AND WETLANDS;

4. STAGING, STORAGE, AND STOCKPILE AREAS; AND

BY TERRESTRIAL ESA-LISTED SPECIES WILL BE MINIMIZED.

D. LAMPREY. WORKING IN STREAM OR RIVER CHANNELS THAT CONTAIN PACIFIC

LAMPREYS ARE KNOWN TO EXIST, THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL UTILIZE

DEWATERING AND SALVAGE PROCEDURES (SEE FISH SALVAGE AND

ELECTROFISHING SECTIONS) TO MINIMIZE ADVERSE EFFECTS.

AREAS USED FOR VARIOUS INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES;

RECORDS OF ANY PRIOR CONTAMINATION EVENTS;

THE APPROPRIATE STATE AGENCY REMOVAL AND FILL PERMIT, USACE CLEAN WATER

ACT (CWA) 404 PERMITS, CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATIONS, AND

B. THESE PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATIONS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,

A. APPROPRIATE STATE (OREGON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE (ODFW)

WORK AREA ISOLATION AND FISH SALVAGE.

B. WORK AREA ISOLATION AND FISH SALVAGE ACTIVITIES WILL COMPLY WITH

C. DESIGN PLANS WILL INCLUDE ALL ISOLATION ELEMENTS AND AREAS (COFFER DAMS, PUMPS, DISCHARGE AREAS, FISH SCREENS, FISH RELEASE AREAS,

D. WORK AREA ISOLATION AND FISH CAPTURE ACTIVITIES WILL OCCUR DURING PERIODS OF THE COOLEST AIR AND WATER TEMPERATURES POSSIBLE, NORMALLY EARLY IN THE MORNING VERSUS LATE IN THE DAY, AND DURING CONDITIONS APPROPRIATE TO MINIMIZE STRESS AND DEATH OF SPECIES

A. MONITORING AND RECORDING WILL TAKE PLACE FOR DURATION OF SALVAGE. THE SALVAGE REPORT WILL BE COMMUNICATED TO AGENCIES VIA THE PROJECT COMPLETION FORM (PCF).

B. SALVAGE ACTIVITIES SHOULD TAKE PLACE DURING CONDITIONS TO MINIMIZE STRESS TO FISH SPECIES, TYPICALLY PERIODS OF THE COOLEST AIR AND WATER TEMPERATURES WHICH OCCUR IN THE MORNING VERSUS LATE IN THE

C. SALVAGE OPERATIONS WILL FOLLOW THE ORDERING, METHODS, AND CONSERVATION MEASURES SPECIFIED BELOW:

1. SLOWLY REDUCE WATER FROM THE WORK AREA TO ALLOW SOME FISH TO LEAVE VOLITIONALLY.

2. BLOCK NETS WILL BE INSTALLED AT UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM LOCATIONS AND MAINTAINED IN A SECURED POSITION TO EXCLUDE FISH FROM ENTERING THE PROJECT AREA.

2 SAMPLERS WILL REGULARLY CHECK CONDITIONS OF FISH HOLDING 3. BLOCK NETS WILL BE SECURED TO THE STREAM CHANNEL BED AND BANKS UNTIL FISH CAPTURE AND TRANSPORT ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE. BLOCK NETS MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT TO

NETS WILL BE MONITORED HOURLY DURING IN-STREAM DISTURBANCE.

EXCLUDE FISH AS LONG AS PASSAGE REQUIREMENTS ARE MET.

IF BLOCK NETS REMAIN IN PLACE MORE THAN ONE DAY, THE NETS WILL BE MONITORED AT LEAST DAILY TO ENSURE THEY ARE SECURED AND FREE OF ORGANIC ACCUMULATION. IF BULL TROUT ARE PRESENT, NETS ARE TO BE CHECKED EVERY 4 HOURS FOR FISH IMPINGEMENT

6. CAPTURE FISH THROUGH SEINING AND RELOCATE TO STREAMS.

7. WHILE DEWATERING, ANY REMAINING FISH WILL BE COLLECTED BY HAND

8. SEINES WITH A MESH SIZE TO ENSURE CAPTURE OF THE RESIDING ESA-LISTED FISH WILL BE USED.

9. MINNOW TRAPS WILL BE LEFT IN PLACE OVERNIGHT AND USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SEINING

10. ELECTROFISH TO CAPTURE AND RELOCATED FISH NOT CAUGHT DURING SEINING PER ELECTROFISH CONSERVATION MEASURES.

11. CONTINUE TO SLOWLY DEWATER STREAM REACH.

12. COLLECT ANY REMAINING FISH IN COLD-WATER BUCKETS AND RELOCATED

13. LIMIT THE TIME FISH ARE IN A TRANSPORT BUCKET.

14. MINIMIZE PREDATION BY TRANSPORTING COMPARABLE SIZES IN BUCKETS.

15. BUCKET WATER TO BE CHANGED EVERY 15 MINUTES OR AERATED. 16. BUCKETS WILL BE KEPT IN SHADED AREAS OR COVERED.

17. DEAD FISH WILL NOT BE STORED IN TRANSPORT BUCKETS, BUT WILL BE LEFT ON THE STREAM BANK TO AVOID MORTALITY COUNTING ERRORS.

D. SALVAGE GUIDELINES FOR BULL TROUT, LAMPREY, MUSSELS, AND NATIVE

1. CONDUCT SITE SURVEY TO ESTIMATE SALVAGE NUMBERS.

2. PRE-SELECT SITE(S) FOR RELEASE AND/OR MUSSEL BED RELOCATION.

3. SALVAGE OF BULL TROUT WILL NOT TAKE PLACE WHEN WATER

4. IF DRAWDOWN LESS THAN 48 HOURS, SALVAGE OF LAMPREY AND MUSSELS MAY NOT BE NECESSARY IF TEMPERATURES SUPPORT SURVIVAL

5. SALVAGE MUSSELS BY HAND, LOCATING BY SNORKELING OR WADING.

SALVAGE LAMPREY BY ELECTROFISHING (SEE ELECTROFISHING FOR LARVAL LAMPREY SETTINGS AND LARVAL LAMPREY DRY SHOCKING

7. SALVAGE BONY FISH AFTER LAMPREY WITH NETS OR ELECTROFISHING (SEE ELECTROFISHING FOR APPROPRIATE SETTINGS).

8. REGULARLY INSPECT DEWATERED SITE SINCE LAMPREY LIKELY TO EMERGE AFTER DEWATERING AND MUSSELS MAY BECOME VISIBLE.

9. MUSSELS MAY BE TRANSFERRED IN COOLERS.

10. MUSSELS WILL BE PLACED INDIVIDUALLY TO ENSURE ABILITY TO BURROW INTO NEW HABITAT.

B. ELECTROFISHING.

A. INITIAL SITE SURVEY AND INITIAL SETTINGS.

1. IDENTIFY SPAWNING ADULTS AND ACTIVE REDDS TO AVOID

2. RECORD WATER TEMPERATURE. ELECTROFISHING WILL NOT OCCUR WHEN WATER TEMPERATURES ARE ABOVE 18 DEGREES CELSIUS

3. IF POSSIBLE, A BLOCK NET WILL BE PLACED DOWNSTREAM AND CHECKED REGULARLY TO CAPTURE STUNNED FISH THAT DRIFT DOWNSTREAM.

4. INITIAL SETTINGS WILL BE 100 VOLTS, PULSE WIDTH OF 500 MICRO

SECONDS, AND PULSE RATE OF 30 HERTZ.

5. RECORDS FOR CONDUCTIVITY, WATER TEMPERATURE, AIR TEMPERATURE, ELECTROFISHING SETTINGS, ELECTROFISHER MODEL, ELECTROFISHER CALIBRATION, FISH CONDITIONS, FISH MORTALITIES, AND TOTAL CAPTURE RATES WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE SALVAGE LOG BOOK.

B. ELECTROFISHING TECHNIQUE.

AVOIDED.

C. SAMPLE PROCESSING

CONTAINMENT

D. BULL TROUT ELECTROFISHING.

E. LARVAL LAMPREY ELECTROFISHING.

"TICKLE" AND "STUN".

GRADIENTS LIKELY TO INCREASE.

2. MAXIMUM VOLTAGE WILL BE 1100 VOLTS WHEN CONDUCTIVITY IS <100

300 MILLISECONDS, AND 400 VOLTS WHEN CONDUCTIVITY IS >300

3. IF FISH CAPTURE IS NOT SUCCESSFUL USING STRAIGHT DC, THE

WITHIN MAXIMUM VALUES UNTIL CAPTURE IS SUCCESSFUL.

MILLISECONDS, 800 VOLTS WHEN CONDUCTIVITY IS BETWEEN 100 AND

ELECTROFISHER WILL BE SET TO INITIAL VOLTAGE FOR PDC. VOLTAGE,

4. MAXIMUM PULSE WIDTH IS 5 MILLISECONDS. MAXIMUM PULSE RATE IS 70

5. ELECTROFISHING WILL NOT OCCUR IN ONE AREA FOR AN EXTENDED

6. THE ANODE WILL NOT INTENTIONALLY COME INTO CONTACT WITH FISH.

7. SETTINGS WILL BE LOWERED IN SHALLOWER WATER SINCE VOLTAGE

IS POOR (I.E. UNABLE TO SEE THE BED OF THE STREAM).

1. FISH SHALL BE SORTED BY SIZE TO AVOID PREDATION DURING

3. FISH WILL BE OBSERVED FOR GENERAL CONDITIONS AND INJURIES

SPECIES WILL BE PRIORITIZED FOR SUCCESSFUL RELEASE.

4. EACH FISH WILL BE COMPLETELY REVIVED BEFORE RELEASE. ESA-LISTED

1. ELECTROFISHING FOR BULL TROUT WILL ONLY OCCUR FROM MAY 1 TO

2. ELECTROFISHING OF BULL TROUT WILL NOT OCCUR WHEN WATER

1. PERMISSION FROM EC LEAD WILL BE OBTAINED IF LARVAL LAMPREY

ABP-2 "WISCONSIN", SMITH-ROOT LR-24, OR SMITH-ROOT APEX

2. LARVAL LAMPREY SAMPLING WILL INCORPORATE 2-STAGE METHOD:

ELECTROFISHER IS NOT ONE OF FOLLOWING PRE-APPROVED MODELS:

3. FIRST STAGE: USE 125 VOLT DC WITH A 25 PERCENT DUTY CYCLE APPLIED

4. SECOND STAGE (OPTIONAL FOR EXPERIENCED NETTERS): IMMEDIATELY

AT A SLOW RATE OF 3 PULSES PER SECOND. IF TEMPERATURES ARE BELOW

10 DEGREES CELSIUS, VOLTAGE MAY BE INCREASED GRADUALLY (NOT TO

EXCEED 200 VOLTS). BURSTED PULSES (THREE SLOW AND ONE SKIPPED)

AFTER LAMPREY EMERGE, USE A FAST PULSE SETTING OF 30 PULSES PER

5. USE DIP NETS FOR VISIBLE LAMPREY. SIENES AND FINE MESH NET SWEEPS

6. SAMPLING WILL OCCUR SLOWLY (>60 SECONDS PER METER) STARTING AT

8. POST-DRAWDOWN "DRY-SHOCKING" WILL BE APPLIED IF LARVAL LAMPREY

CONTINUE TO EMERGE. ANODES TO BE PLACED ONE METER APART TO

SAMPLE ONE SQUARE METER AT A TIME FOR AT LEAST 60 SECONDS. FOR

TEMPERATURES LESS THAN 10 DEGREES CELSIUS, MAXIMUM VOLTAGE MAY

7. MULTIPLE SWEEPS TO OCCUR WITH 15 MINUTES BETWEEN SWEEPS.

BE GRADUALLY INCREASED TO 400 VOLTS (DRY-SHOCKING ONLY).

A. DEWATERING WILL OCCUR AT A RATE SLOW ENOUGH TO ALLOW SPECIES TO

B. WHERE A GRAVITY FEED DIVERSION IS NOT POSSIBLE, A PUMP MAY BE USED.

C. WHEN FISH ARE PRESENT, PUMPS WILL BE SCREENED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

WILL BE OBTAINED FOR PUMPS EXCEEDING 3 CUBIC FEET PER SECOND.

D. DISSIPATION OF FLOW ENERGY AT THE BYPASS OUTFLOW WILL BE PROVIDED

E. SEEPAGE WATER WILL BE PUMPED TO A TEMPORARY STORAGE AND TREATMENT

CONSTRUCTION AND POST CONSTRUCTION CONSERVATION MEASURES.

A. FISH PASSAGE WILL BE PROVIDED FOR ADULT AND JUVENILE FISH LIKELY TO

NEGATIVELY IMPACT ESA-LISTED SPECIES OR THEIR HABITAT.

DEVELOPED SOURCES ARE UNAVAILABLE OR INADEQUATE.

B. DIVERSIONS WILL NOT EXCEED 10% OF THE AVAILABLE FLOW.

ADVISEMENT BY THE NMFS HABITAT BIOLOGIST.

CONSTRUCTION AND DISCHARGE WATER

METALS, AND OTHER POLLUTANTS.

COMPLETED AS OUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.

VEGETATION DISTURBANCE, ETC.).

I. CESSATION OF WORK

. TIME AND EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE.

BE PRESENT DURING CONSTRUCTION UNLESS PASSAGE DID NOT EXIST BEFORE

CONSTRUCTION, THE STREAM IS NATURALLY IMPASSABLE, OR PASSAGE WILL

B. FISH PASSAGE ALTERNATIVES WILL BE APPROVED BY THE BPA EC LEAD UNDER

A. SURFACE WATER MAY BE DIVERTED TO MEET CONSTRUCTION NEEDS ONLY IF

C. CONSTRUCTION DISCHARGE WATER WILL BE COLLECTED AND TREATED TO

REMOVE DEBRIS, NUTRIENTS, SEDIMENT, PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS,

A. EARTHWORK REQUIRING IN-STREAM MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING

A. PROJECT OPERATIONS WILL CEASE WHEN HIGH FLOW CONDITIONS MAY

DRILLING, EXCAVATION, DREDGING, FILLING, AND COMPACTING) WILL BE

B. MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT WILL WORK FROM TOP OF BANK UNLESS WORK FROM

ANOTHER LOCATION WILL RESULT IN LESS HABITAT DISTURBANCE (TURBIDITY,

RESULT IN INUNDATION OF THE PROJECT AREA (FLOOD EFFORTS TO DECREASE

B. WATER QUALITY LEVELS EXCEEDED. SEE CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY

AND VEGETATION PRIOR TO REENTERING THE STREAM CHANNEL.

O PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE STREAM CHANNEL AND RIPARIAN VEGETATION

SITE OF INTO UPLAND AREAS TO ALLOW WATER TO PERCOLATE THROUGH SOIL

NMFS FISH SCREEN CRITERIA. NMFS ENGINEERING REVIEW AND APPROVAL

PUMPS WILL BE INSTALLED TO AVOID REPETIVE DEWATERING AND

TEMPERATURES EXCEED 15 DEGREES CELSIUS.

RECOMMENDED TO INCREASE EMERGENCE.

UPSTREAM AND WORKING DOWNSTREAM.

NATURALLY MIGRATE OUT OF THE WORK AREA.

MAY BE USED IN POOR VISIBILITY.

4. DEWATERING

HABITAT AFTER AUGUST 15. IN FMO HABITATS ELECTROFISHING MAY

JULY 31. NO ELECTROFISHING WILL OCCUR IN ANY BULL TROUT OCCUPIED

CONTAINERS, AIR PUMPS, WATER TRANSFERS, ETC

8. ELECTROFISHING WILL NOT OCCUR IN TURBID WATER WHERE VISIBILITY

9. OPERATIONS WILL IMMEDIATELY STOP IF MORTALITY OR OBVIOUS FISH

INJURY IS OBSERVED. ELECTROFISHING SETTINGS WILL BE REEVALUATED.

THE ZONE FOR POTENTIAL INJURY OF 0.5 M FROM THE ANODE WILL BE

PULSE WIDTH, AND PULSE FREQUENCY WILL BE GRADUALLY INCREASED

SAMPLING WILL BEGIN USING STRAIGHT DC. POWER WILL REMAIN ON A. DISTURBED AREAS, STREAM BANKS, SOILS, AND VEGETATION WILL BE UNTIL THE FISH IS NETTED WHEN USING STRAIGHT DC. GRADUALLY CLEANED UP AND RESTORED TO IMPROVED OR PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS. INCREASE VOLTAGE WHILE REMAINING BELOW MAXIMUM LEVELS.

B. PROJECT-RELATED WASTE WILL BE REMOVED. C. TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND STAGING WILL BE DECOMPACTED AND

WATER INFILTRATION. D. THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL RETAIN THE RIGHT OF REASONABLE ACCESS TO THE SITE TO MONITOR AND MAINTAIN THE SITE OVER THE LIFE OF THE

SITE RESTORATION

A. PLANTING AND SEEDING WILL OCCUR PRIOR TO OR AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FIRST GROWING SEASON AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

B. A MIX OF NATIVE SPECIES (INVASIVE SPECIES NOT ALLOWED) APPROPRIATE TO THE SITE WILL BE USED TO REESTABLISH VEGETATION, PROVIDE SHADE, AND REDUCE EROSION. REESTABLISHED VEGETATION SHOULD BE AT LEAST 70% OF PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS WITHIN THREE YEARS.

RESTORED. SOILS WILL BE LOOSENED IF NEEDED FOR REVEGETATION OR

C. VEGETATION SUCH AS WILLOWS, SEDGES, OR RUSH MATS WILL BE SALVAGED FROM DISTURBED OR ABANDONED AREAS TO BE REPLANTED.

D. SHORT-TERM STABILIZATION MEASURE MAY INCLUDE THE USE OF NON-NATIVE STERILE SEED MIX (WHEN NATIVE NOT AVAILABLE), WEED-FREE CERTIFIED STRAW, OR OTHER SIMILAR TECHNIQUES.

E. SURFACE FERTILIZER WILL NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY STREAM, WATE BODY, OR WETLAND.

F. FENCING WILL BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT ACCESS TO REVEGETATED SITES BY LIVESTOCK OR UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS.

G. INVASIVE PLANTS WILL BE REMOVED OR CONTROLLED UNTIL NATIVE PLANT SPECIES ARE WELL ESTABLISHED (TYPICALLY THREE YEARS POST-CONSTRUCTION).

7. SITE ACCESS AND IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING.

A. THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION MONITORING DURING IMPLEMENTATION TO ENSURE ALL CONSERVATION MEASURES ARE ADEQUATELY FOLLOWED, EFFECTS TO LISTED SPECIES ARE NOT GREATER HAN PREDICTED, AND INCIDENTAL TAKE LIMITATIONS ARE NOT EXCEEDED.

B. THE PROJECT SPONSOR OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE WILL SUBMIT THE PROJECT COMPLETION FORM (PCF) WITHIN 30 DAYS OF PROJECT COMPLETION.

8. CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION.

A. THE PROJECT SPONSOR OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE WILL COMPLETE AND RECORD WATER QUALITY OBSERVATIONS (SEE TURBIDITY MONITORING) TO ENSURE IN-WATER WORK IS NOT DEGRADING WATER QUALITY.

B. DURING CONSTRUCTION, WATER QUALITY PROVISIONS PROVIDED BY THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

STAGED REWATERING PLAN.

A. WHEN REINTRODUCING WATER TO DEWATERED AREAS AND NEWLY CONSTRUCTED CHANNELS, A STAGED REWATERING PLAN WILL BE APPLIED.

B. THE FOLLOWING WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL REWATERING EFFORTS. COMPLEX REWATERING EFFORTS MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL NOTES OR A DEDICATED SHEET IN THE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS.

1. TURBIDITY MONITORING PROTOCOL WILL BE APPLIED TO REWATERING

2. PRE-WASH THE AREA BEFORE REWATERING. TURBID WASH WATER WILL BE DETAINED AND PUMPED TO THE FLOODPLAIN OR SEDIMENT CAPTURE AREAS RATHER THAN DISCHARGING TO FISH-BEARING STREAMS.

3. INSTALL SEINE NETS AT UPSTREAM END TO PREVENT FISH FROM MOVING

DOWNSTREAM UNTIL 2/3 OF TOTAL FLOW IS RESTORED TO THE CHANNEL.

4. STARTING IN EARLY MORNING INTRODUCE 1/3 OF NEW CHANNEL FLOW OVER PERIOD OF 1-2 HOURS.

5. INTRODUCE SECOND THIRD OF FLOW OVER NEXT 1 TO 2 HOURS AND BEGIN FISH SALVAGE OF BYPASS CHANNEL IF FISH ARE PRESENT.

6. REMOVE UPSTREAM SEINE NETS ONCE 2/3 FLOW IN REWATERED CHANNEL AND DOWNSTREAM TURBIDITY IS WITHIN ACCEPTABLE RANGE (LESS THAN 40 NTU OR LESS THAN 10% BACKGROUND).

7. INTRODUCE FINAL THIRD OF FLOW ONCE FISH SALVAGE EFFORTS ARE COMPLETE AND DOWNSTREAM TURBIDITY VERIFIED TO BE WITHIN ACCEPTABLE RANGE.

8. INSTALL PLUG TO BLOCK FLOW INTO OLD CHANNEL OR BYPASS. REMOVE

ANY REMAINING SEINE NETS.

9. IN LAMPREY SYSTEMS, LAMPREY SALVAGE AND DRY SHOCKING MAY BE

TURBIDITY MONITORING.

APPROXIMATELY 100 FEET UPSTREAM OF THE PROJECT AREA USING A RECENTLY CALIBRATED TURBIDIMETER OR VIA VISUAL OBSERVATION (SEE THE HIP HANDBOOK TURBIDITY MONITORING SECTION FOR A VISUAL OBSERVATION

B. RECORD THE TURBIDITY READING, LOCATION, AND TIME AT THE MEASUREMENT COMPLIANCE LOCATION POINT.

1. 50 FEET DOWNSTREAM FOR STREAMS LESS THAN 30 FEET WIDE.

2. 100 FEET DOWNSTREAM FOR STREAMS BETWEEN 30 AND 100 FEET WIDE.

200 FEET DOWNSTREAM FOR STREAMS GREATER THAN 100 FEET WIDE.

LOCATIONS SUBJECT TO TIDAL OR COASTAL SCOUR. C. TURBIDITY SHALL BE MEASURED (BACKGROUND LOCATION AND COMPLIANCE

POINTS) EVERY 4 HOURS WHILE WORK IS BEING IMPLEMENTED

BACKGROUND, THE EXCEEDANCE WILL BE NOTED IN THE PROJECT COMPLETION FORM (PCF). ADJUSTMENTS OR CORRECTIVE MEASURES WILL BE TAKEN IN ORDER TO REDUCE TURBIDITY.

EXCEEDANCES AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS AT PROJECT COMPLETION.

F. IF TURBIDITY CONTROLS (COFFER DAMS, WADDLES, FENCING, ETC.) ARE DETERMINED INEFFECTIVE, CREWS WILL BE MOBILIZED TO MODIFY AS NECESSARY. OCCURRENCES WILL BE DOCUMENTED IN THE PROJECT

SUBMITTED TO THE BPA EC LEAD USING THE PROJECT COMPLETION FORM

— BUREAU OF — RECLAMATION



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A. RECORD THE READING, LOCATION, AND TIME FOR THE BACKGROUND READING

4. 300 FEET FROM THE DISCHARGE POINT OR NONPOINT SOURCE FOR

D. IF THERE IS A VISIBLE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A COMPLIANCE POINT AND THE

E. IF EXCEEDANCES OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWO CONSECUTIVE MONITORING INTERVALS (AFTER 8 HOURS), THE ACTIVITY WILL STOP UNTIL THE TURBIDITY LEVEL RETURNS TO BACKGROUND. THE BPA EC LEAD WILL BE NOTIFIED OF ALL

JNION, OR 2021-06-1 HIP IV NOTES

CONTRACTOR

SHEET 3 OF 29

CONTROLLED

DAMAGES TO NATURAL RESOURCES PERMITTED).

CERTIFICATION AND TURBIDITY MEASURES.

COMPLETION FORM (PCF). G. FINAL TURBIDITY READINGS, EXCEEDANCES, AND CONTROL FAILURES WILL BE



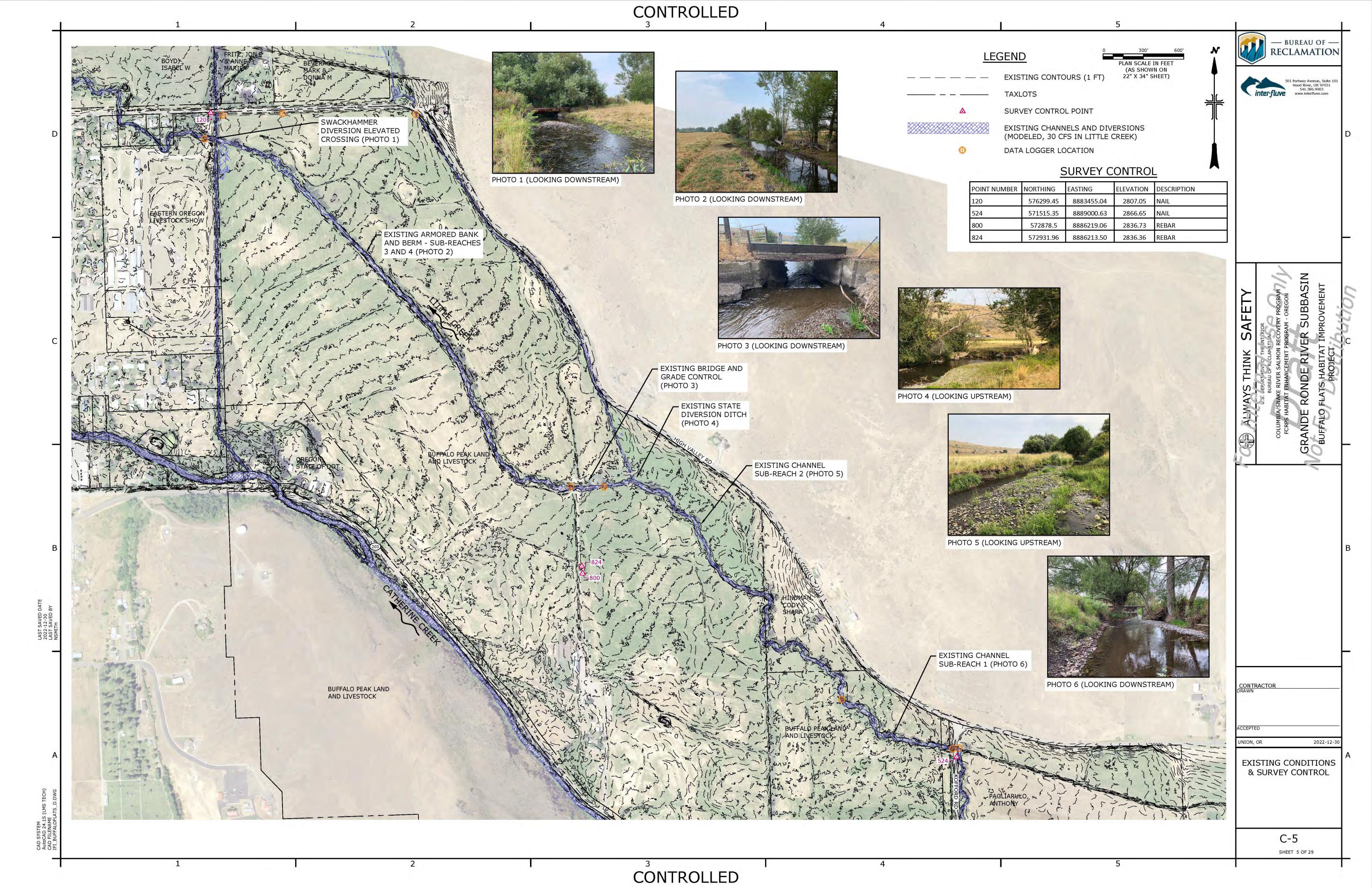
CONCEPTUAL OBLIQUE VIEW OF PROJECT SITE 5-10 YEARS POST CONSTRUCTION

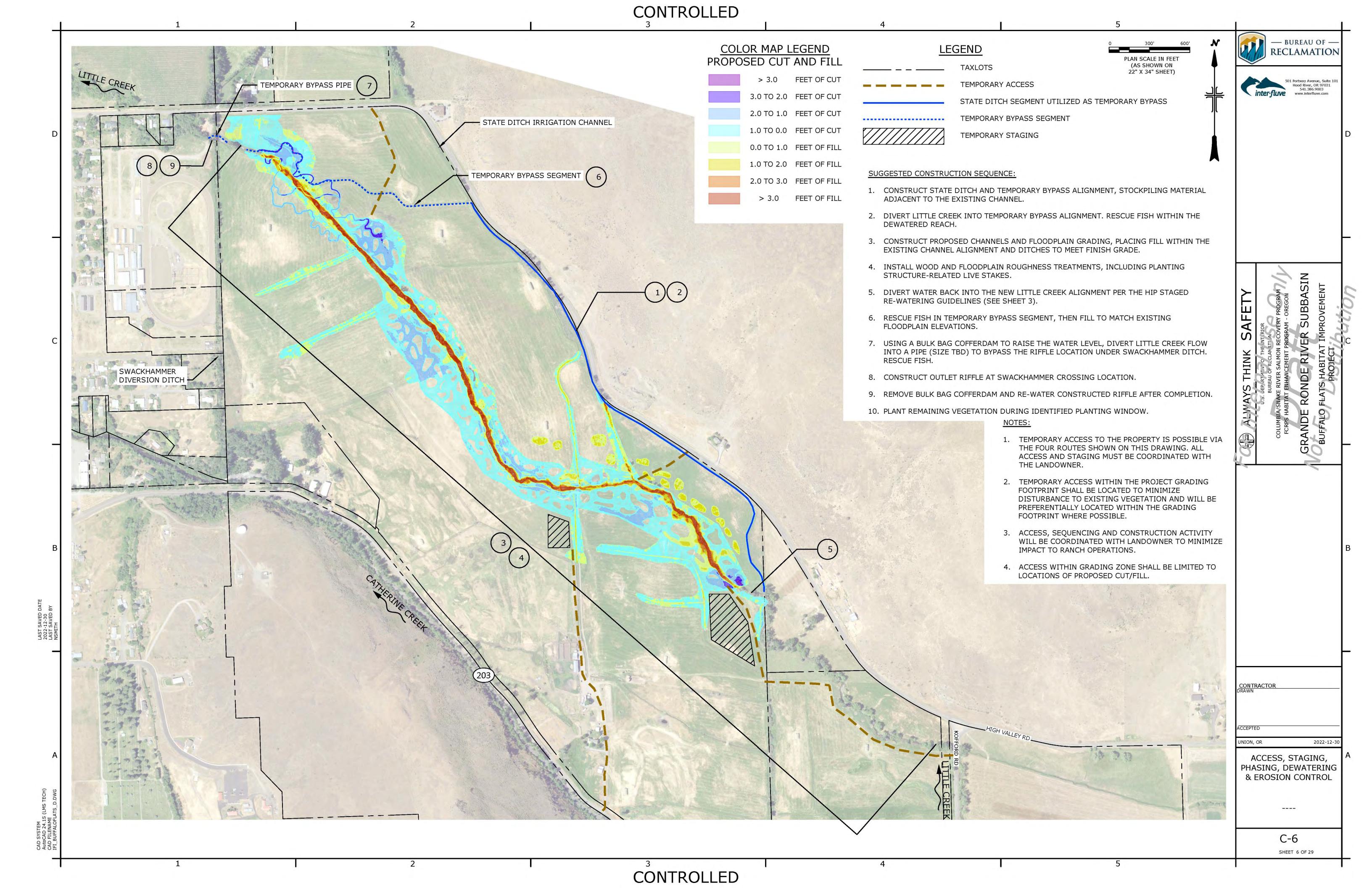
PROJECT GOALS:

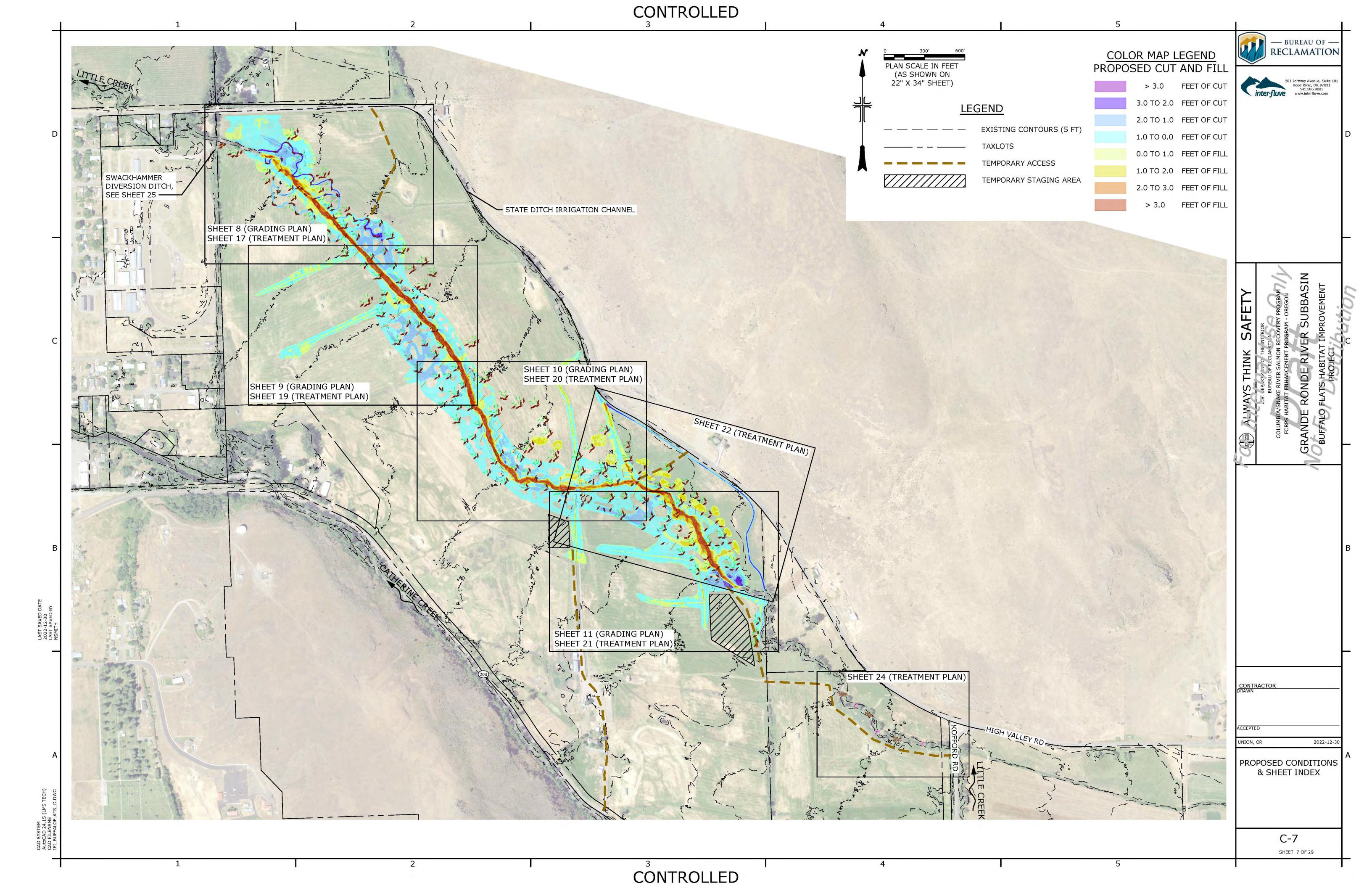
- 1. Enhance and restore aquatic habitat conditions and increase habitat diversity and complexity for salmonids;
- 2. Improve water quality conditions (temperature and sediment) for salmonids;
- 3. Promote conditions for restoring ecological function and improving soil health within the project area;
- 4. Raise water table within the project reach to support the establishment and growth of a diverse mosaic of herbaceous and woody riparian vegetation;
- 5. Reconnect Little Creek with its floodplains and expand quality floodplain habitat availability for salmonids within the project boundaries;
- 6. Increase streambank and floodplain storage of water and ice; thereby, increasing the potential for attenuating flows, and reducing ice formation within the project reach.

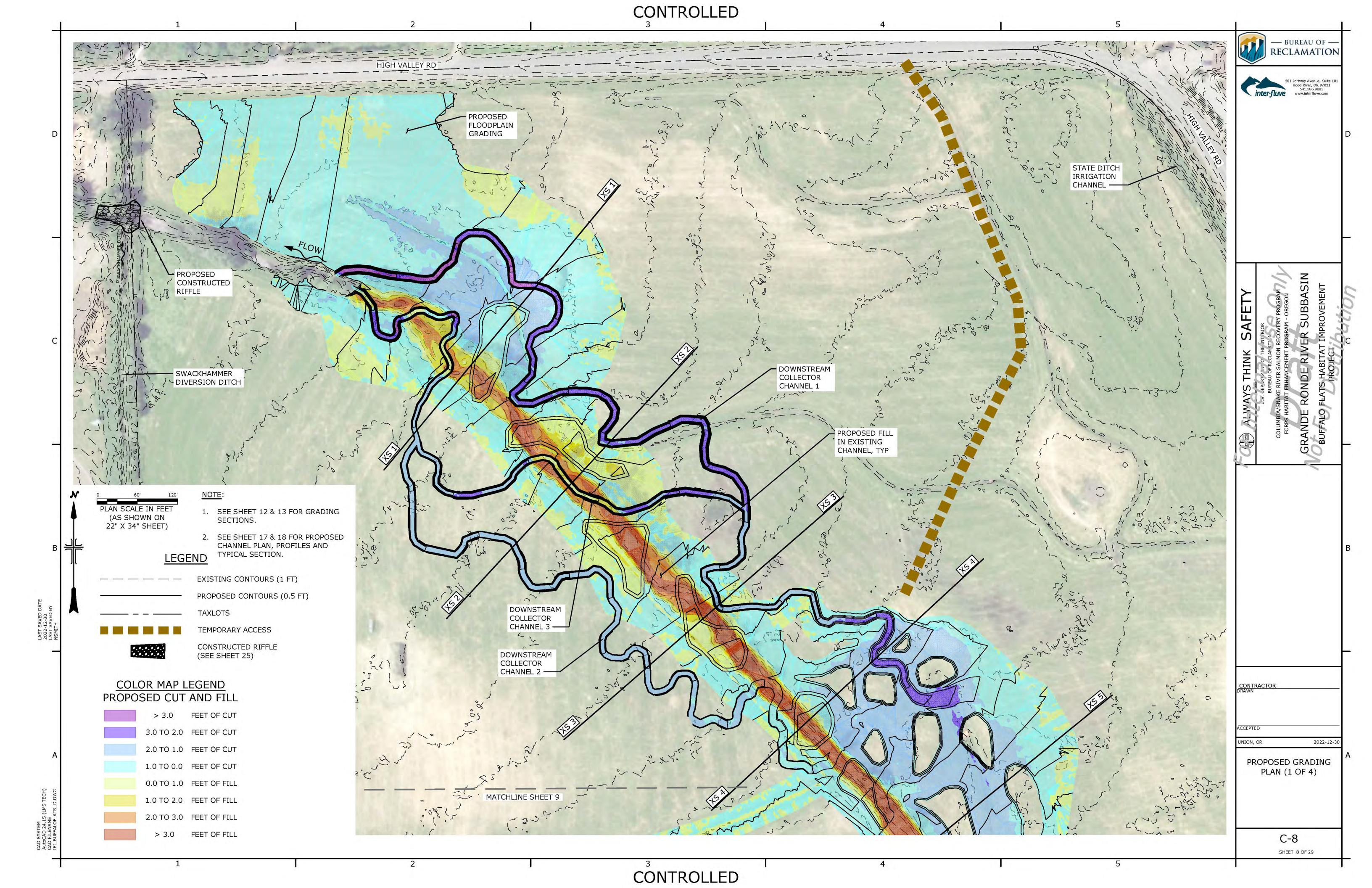
2021-06-1 OBJECTIVES NARRATIVE

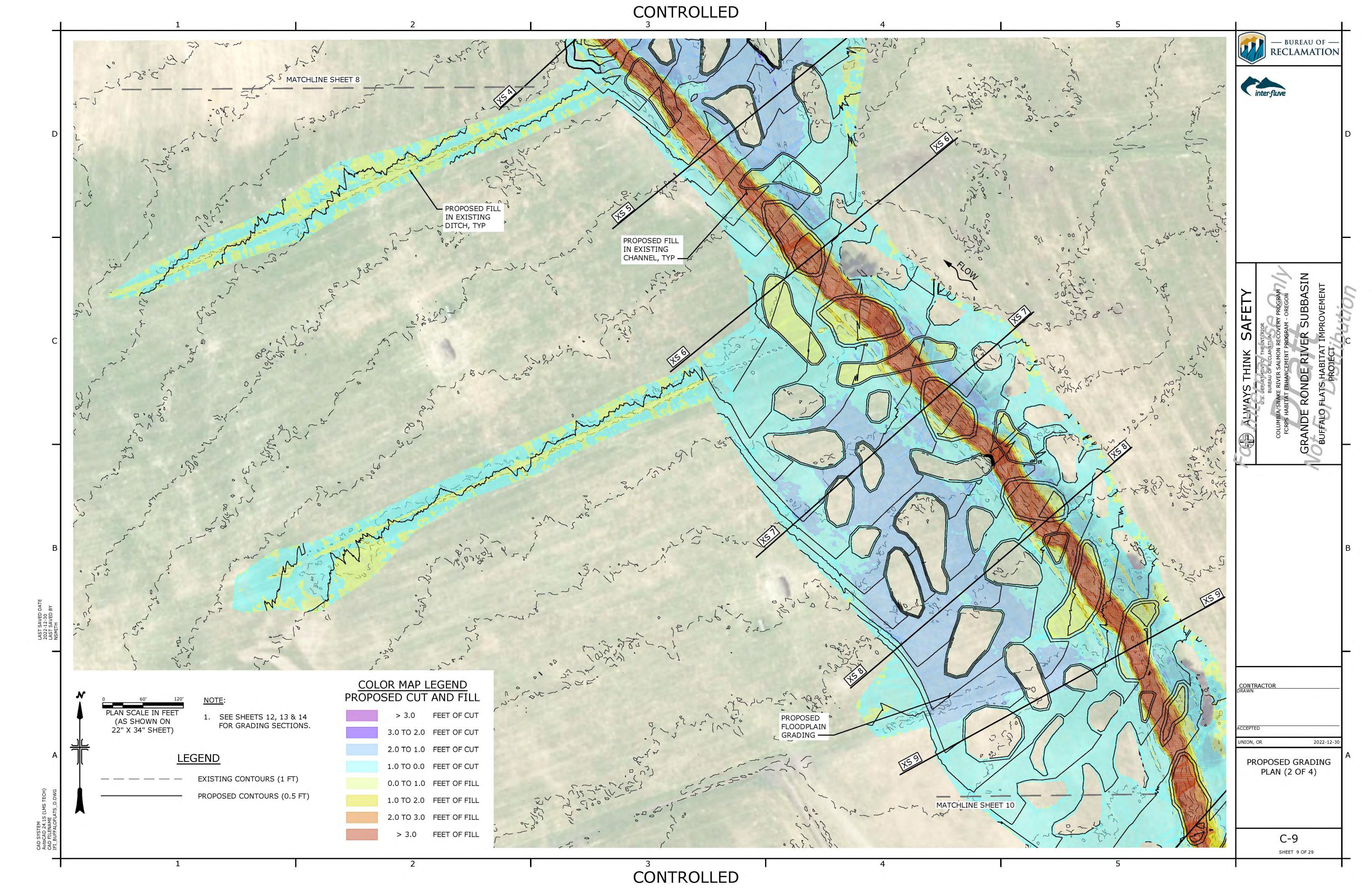
> C-4 SHEET 4 OF 29

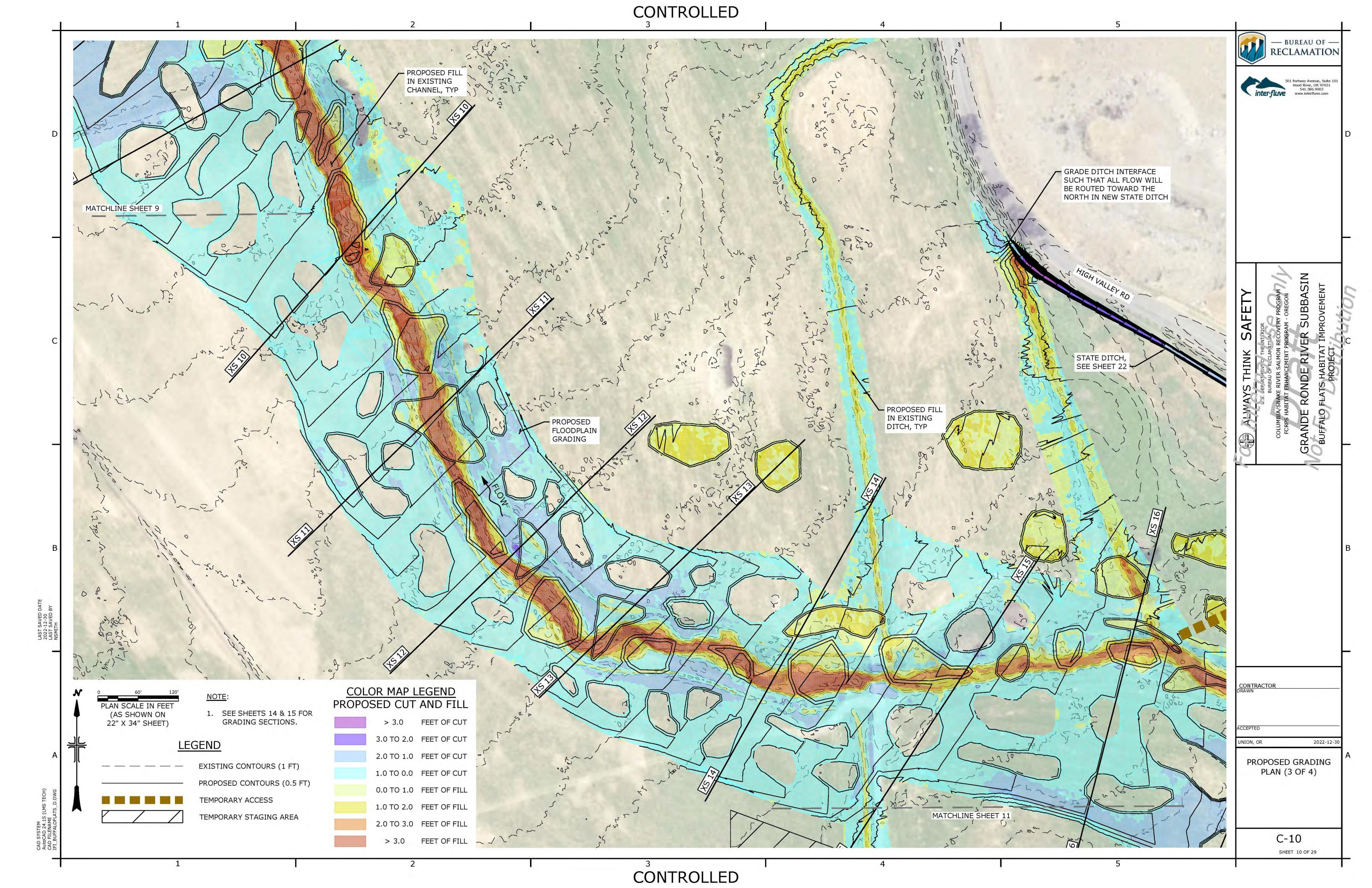


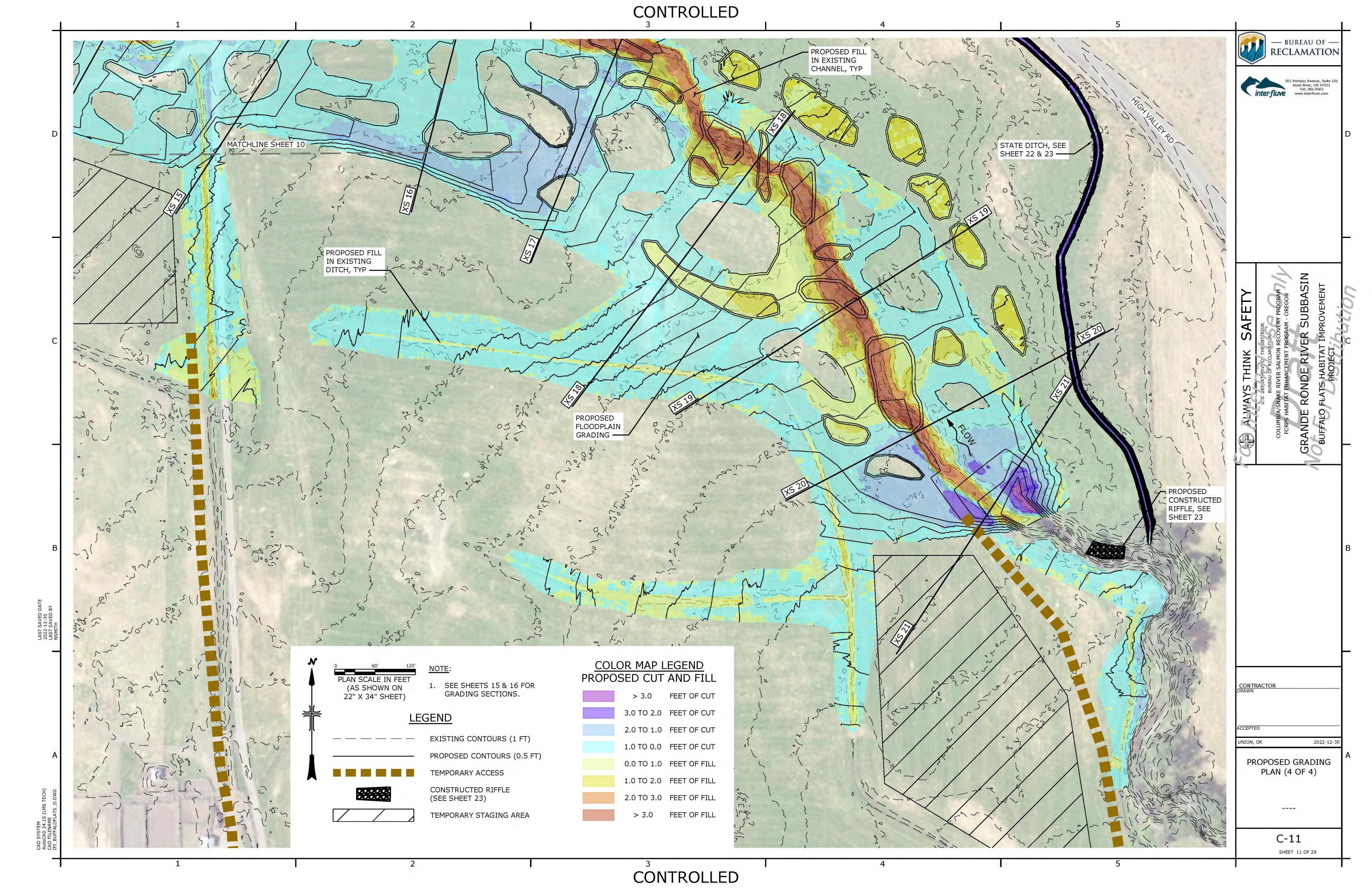


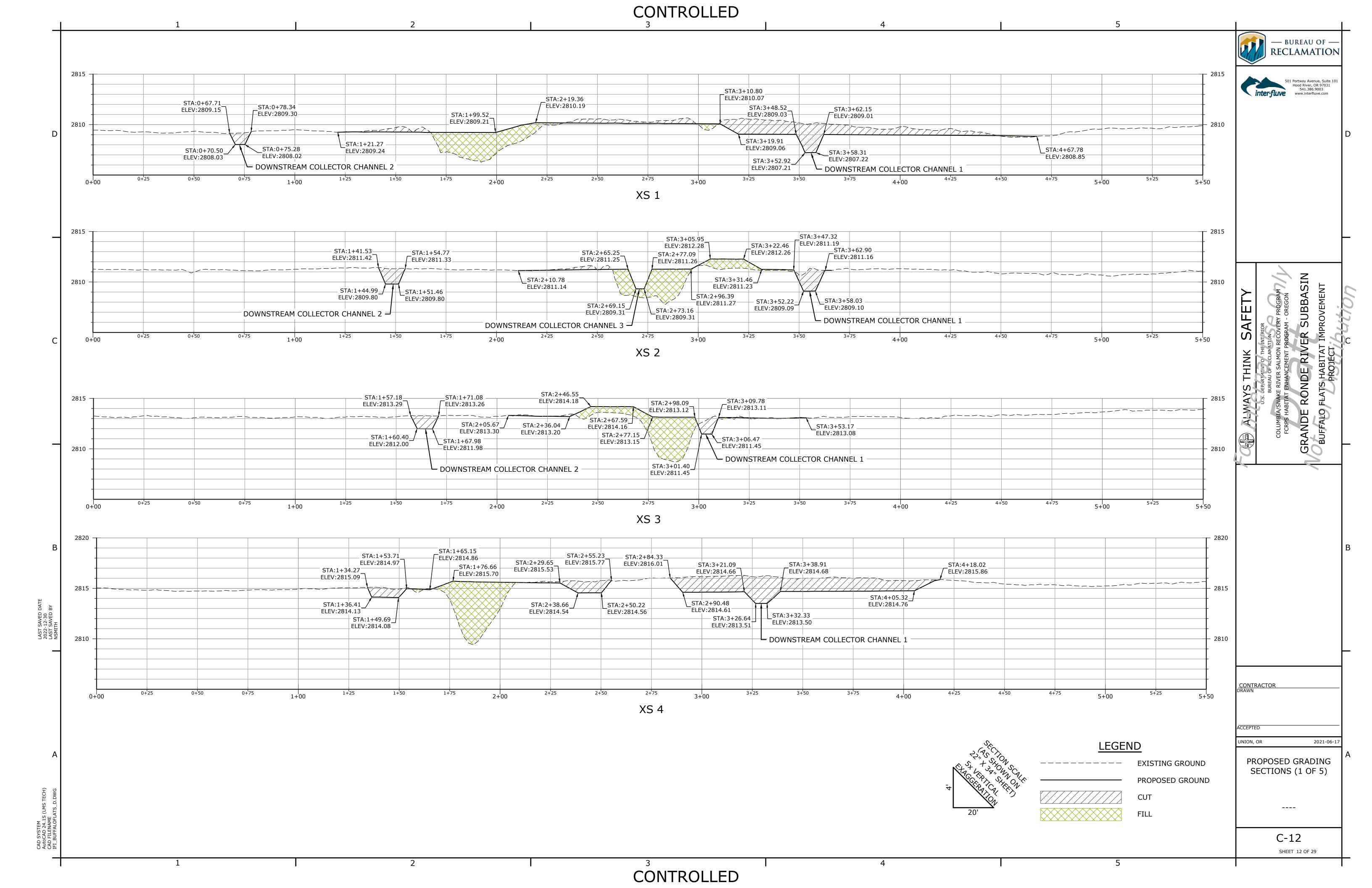


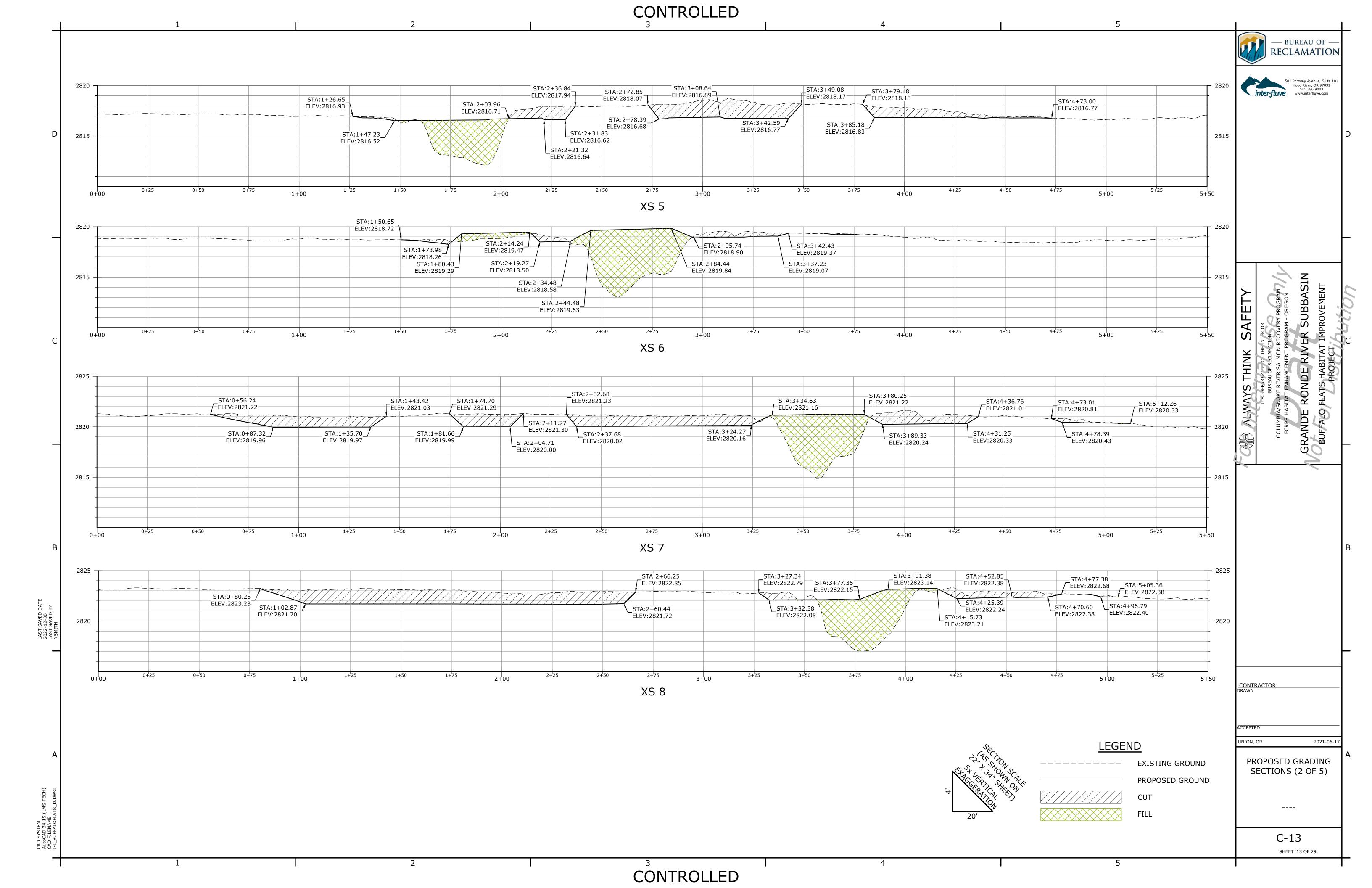


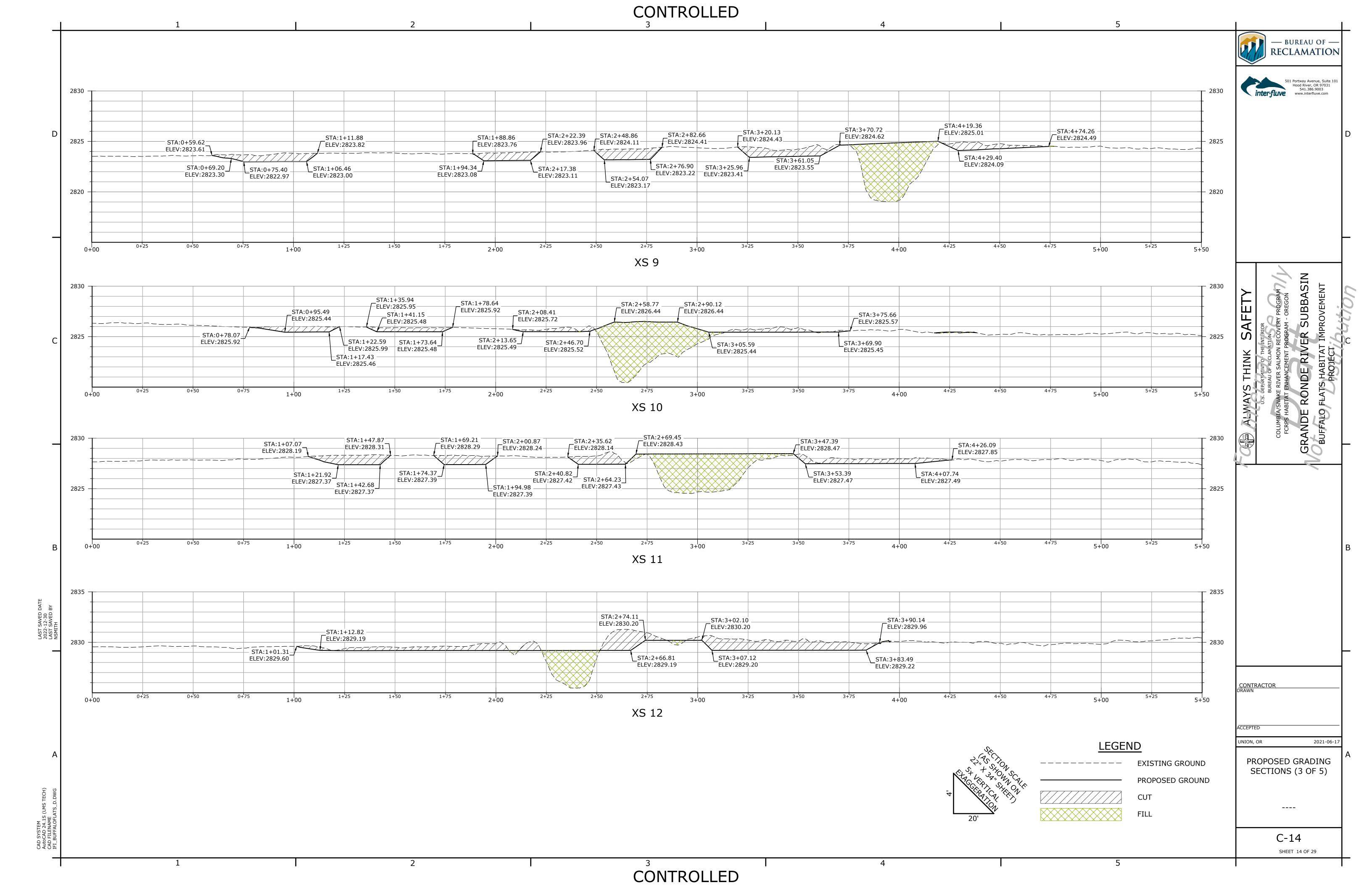


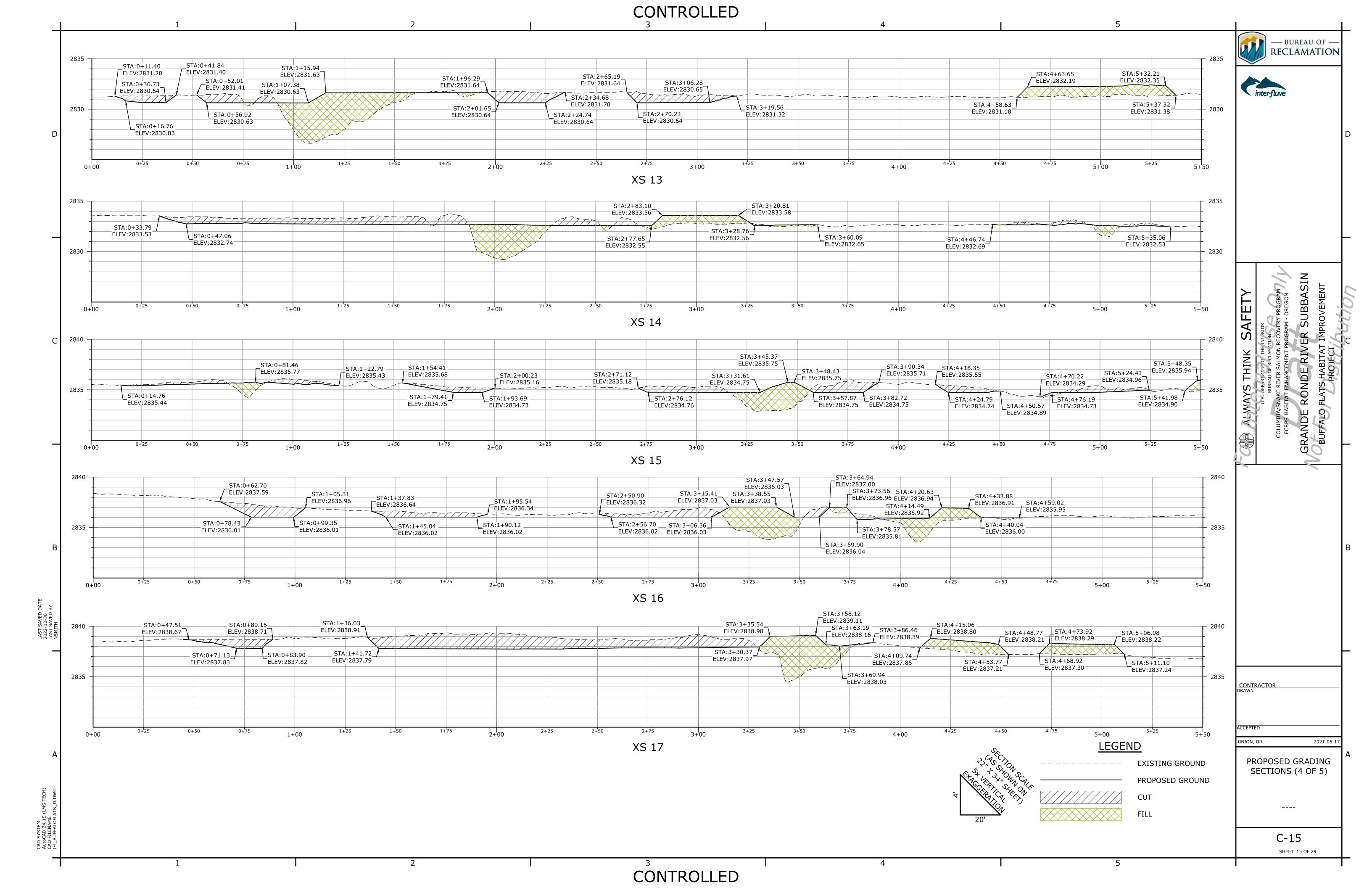


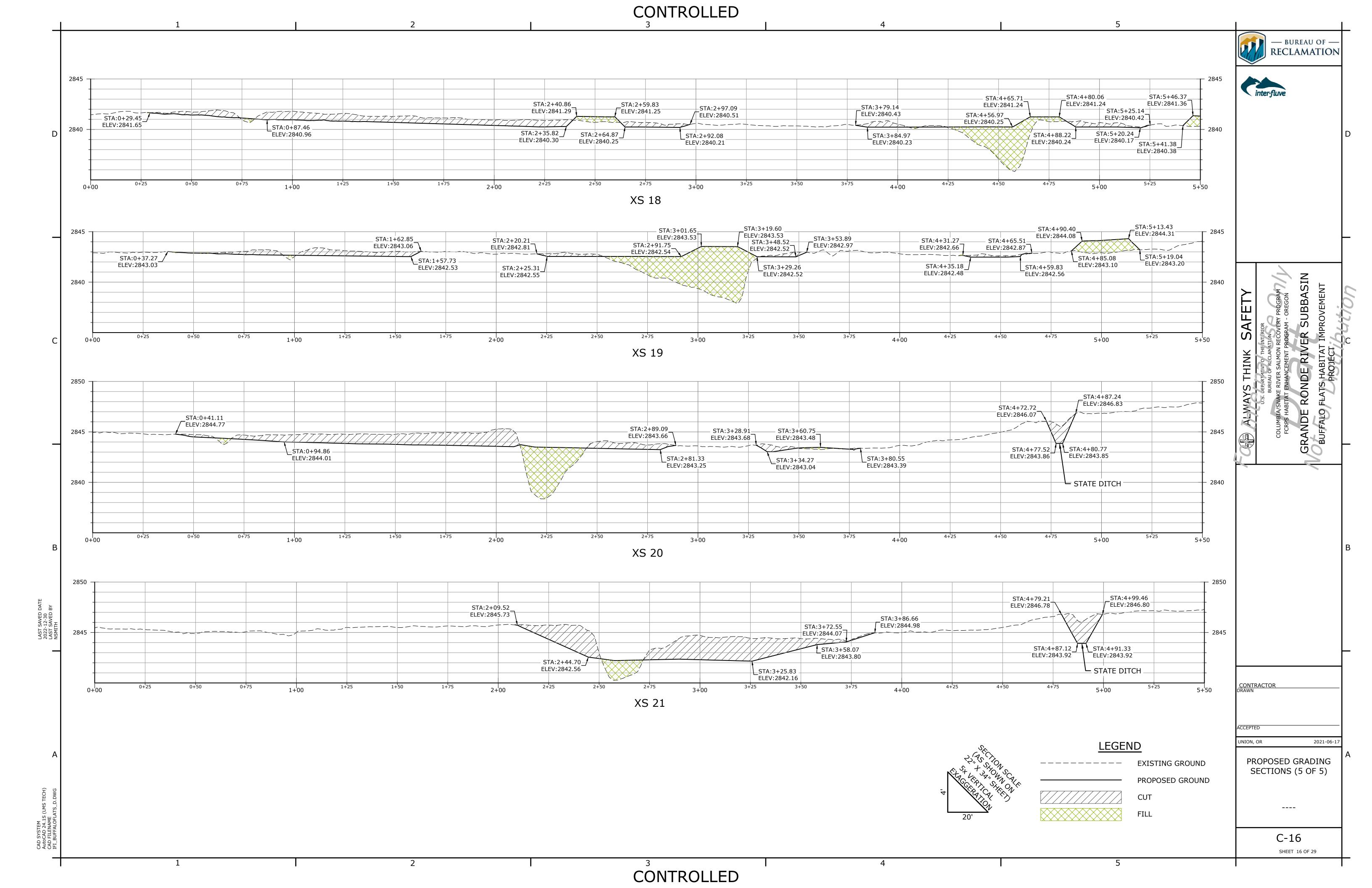


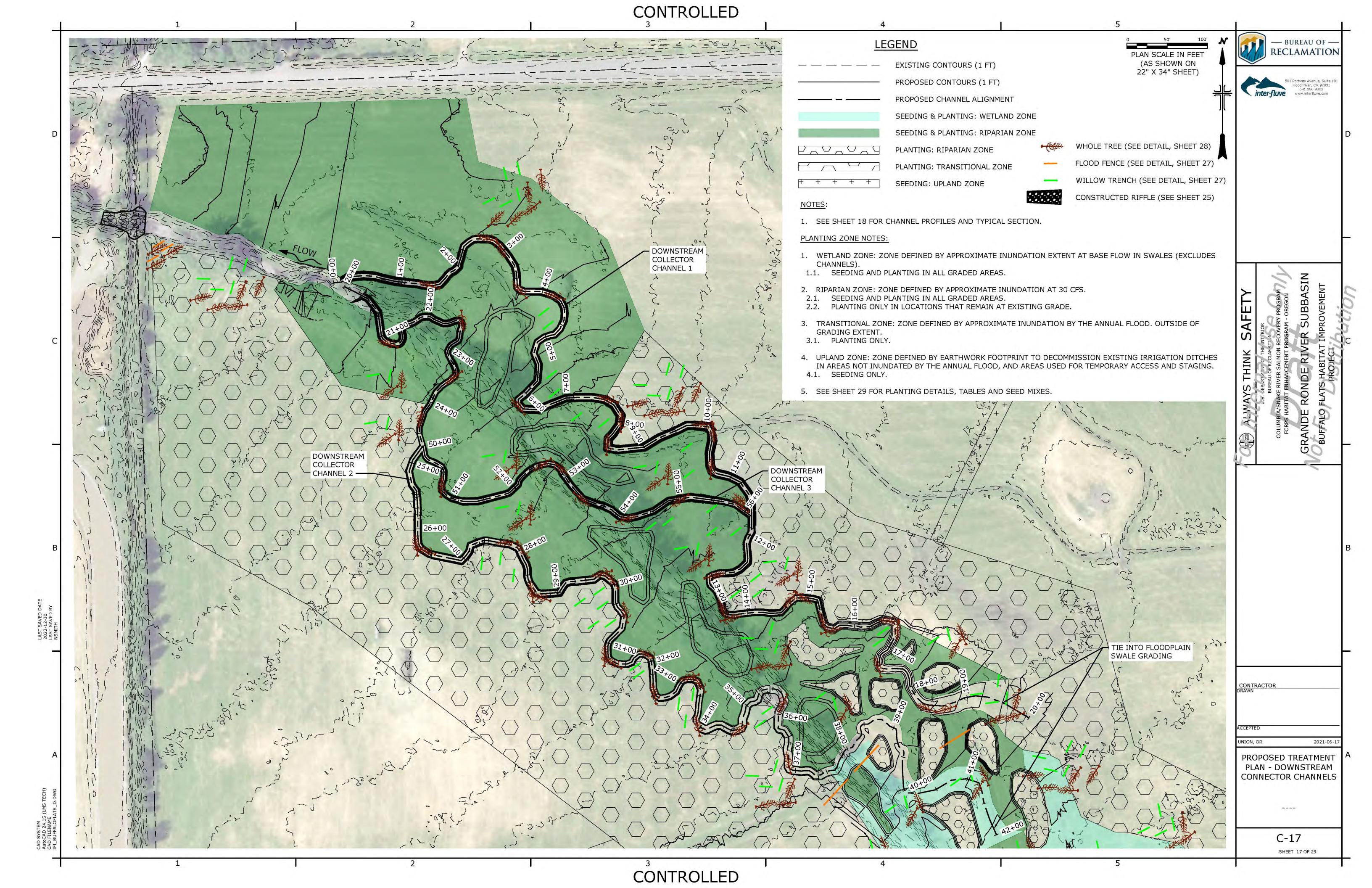


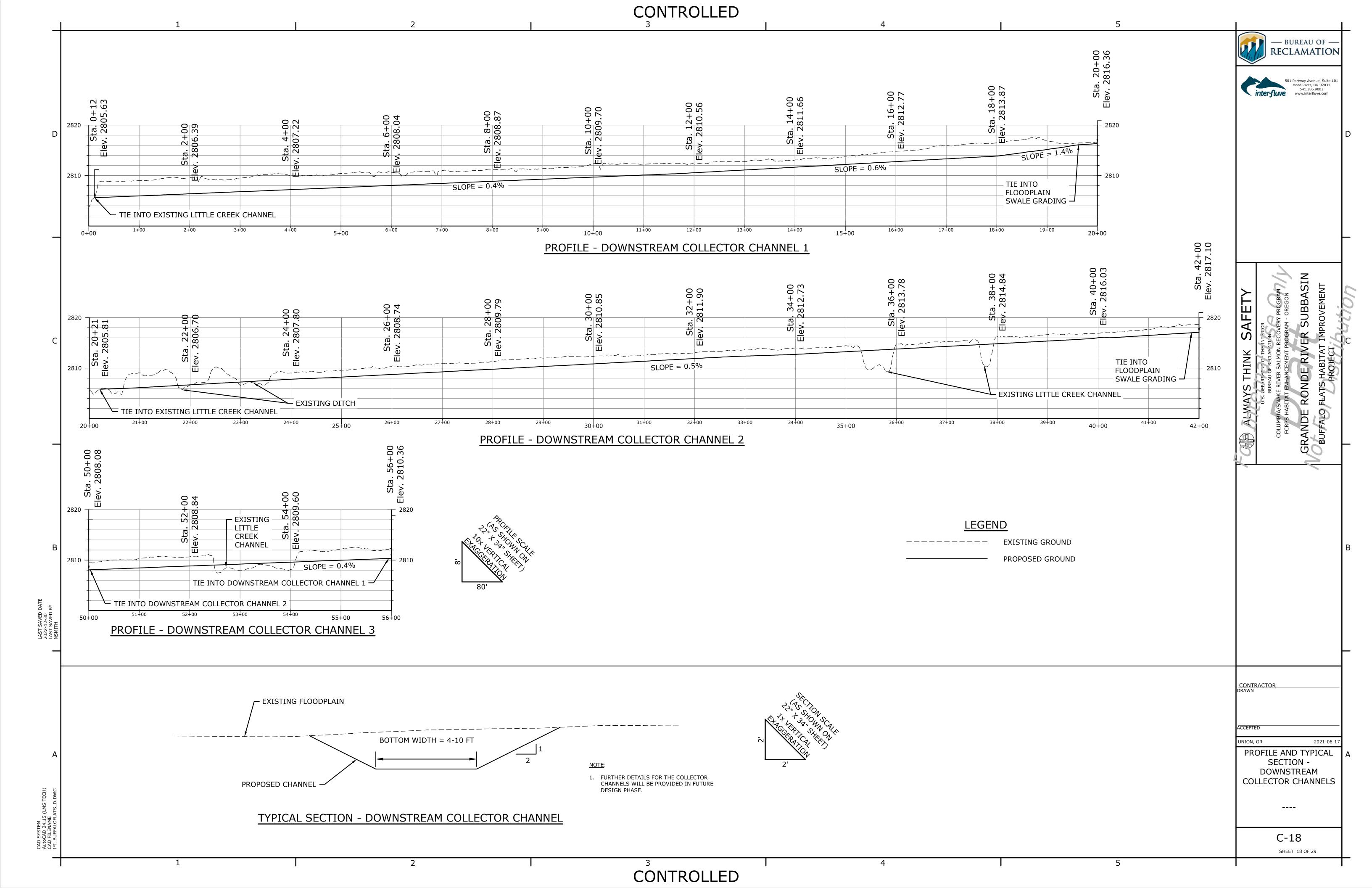


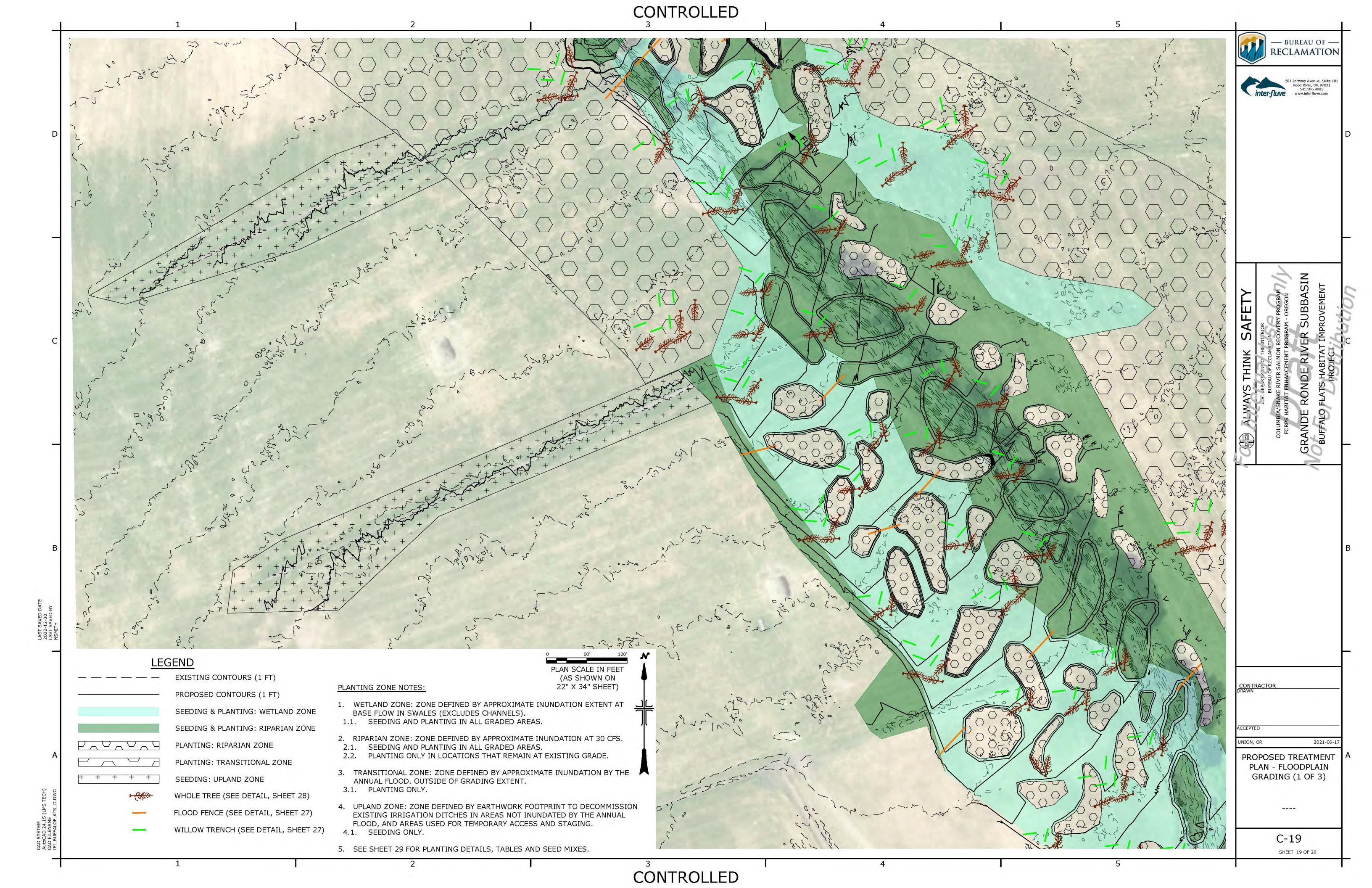


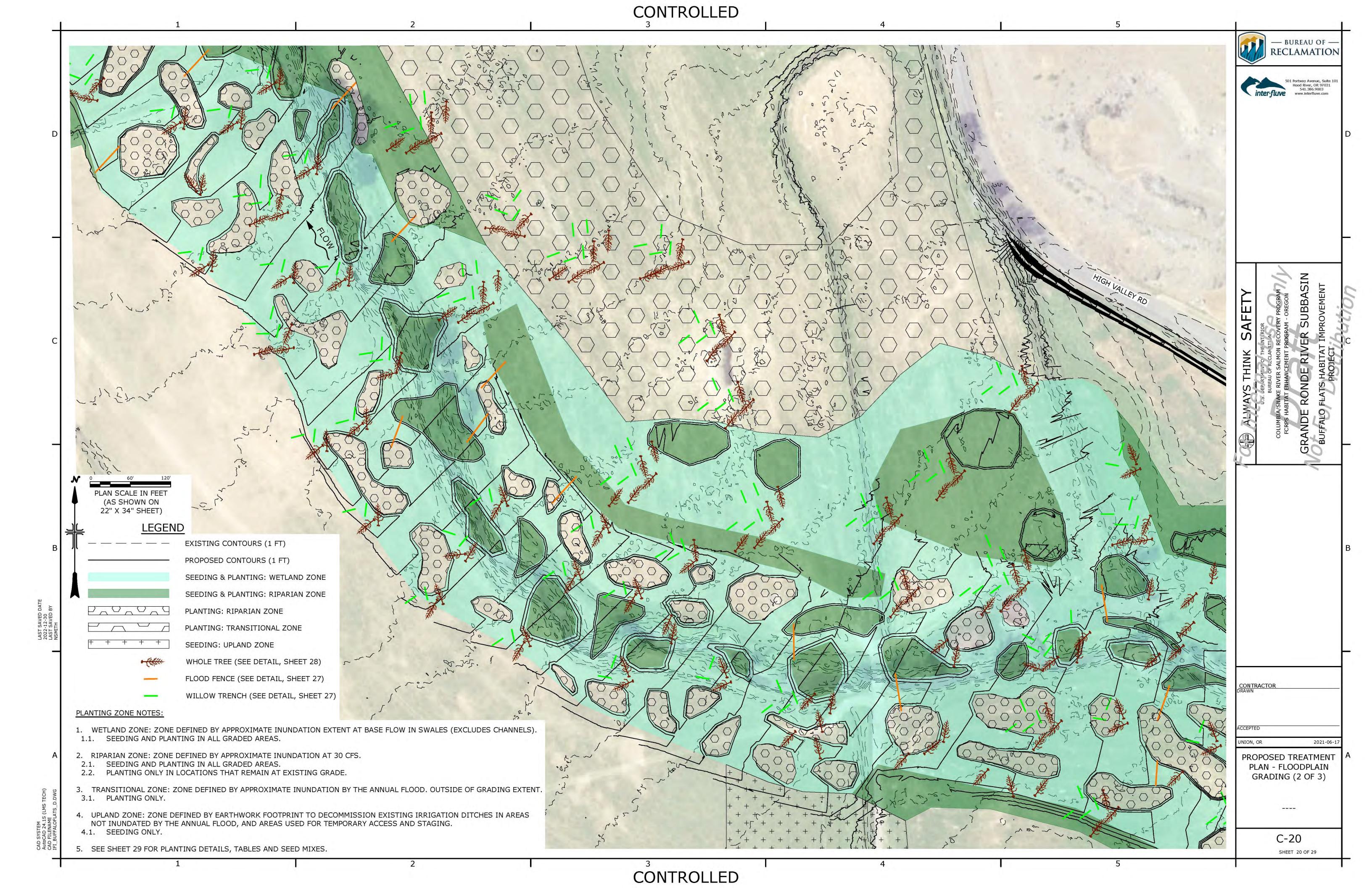


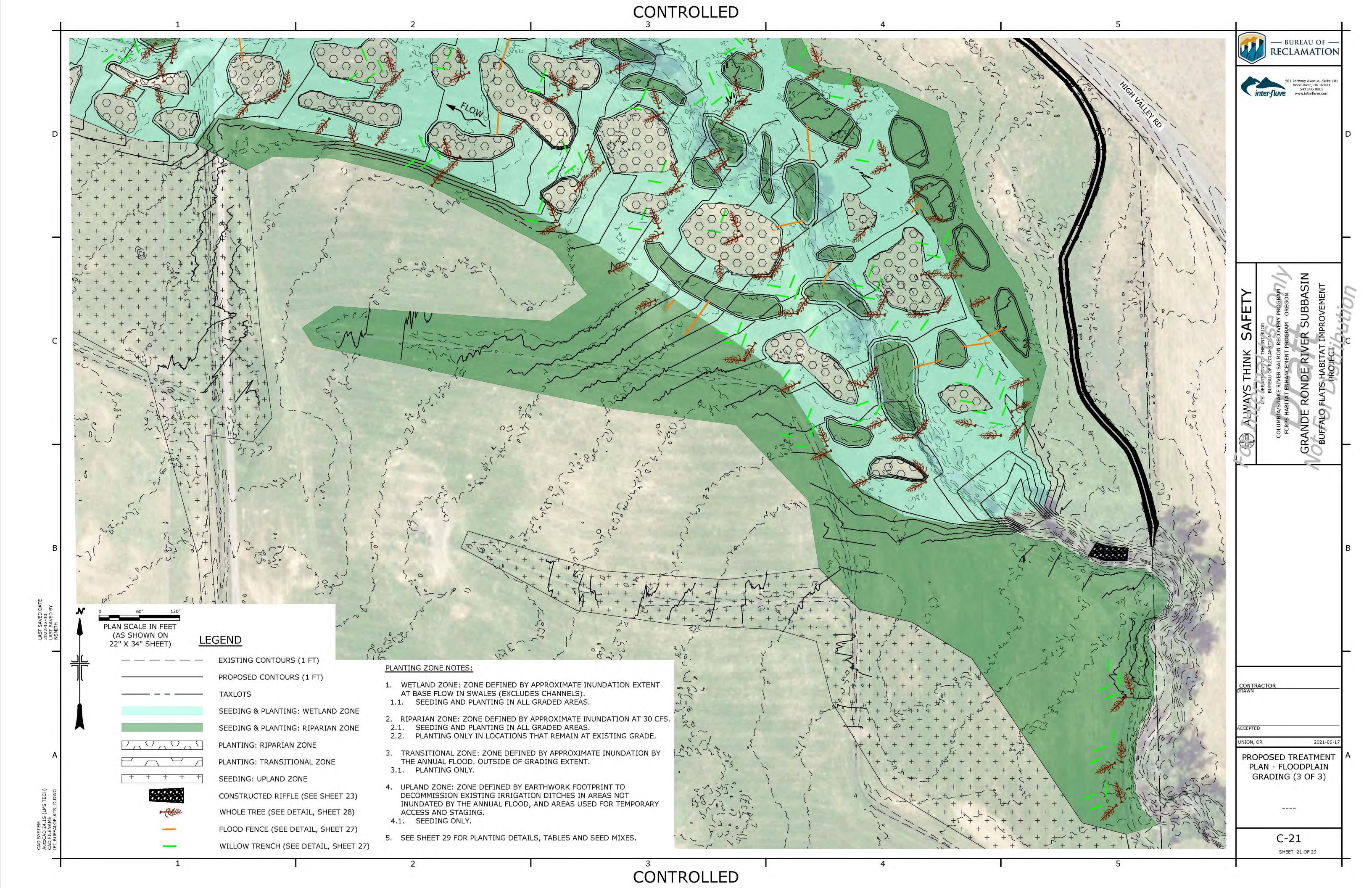




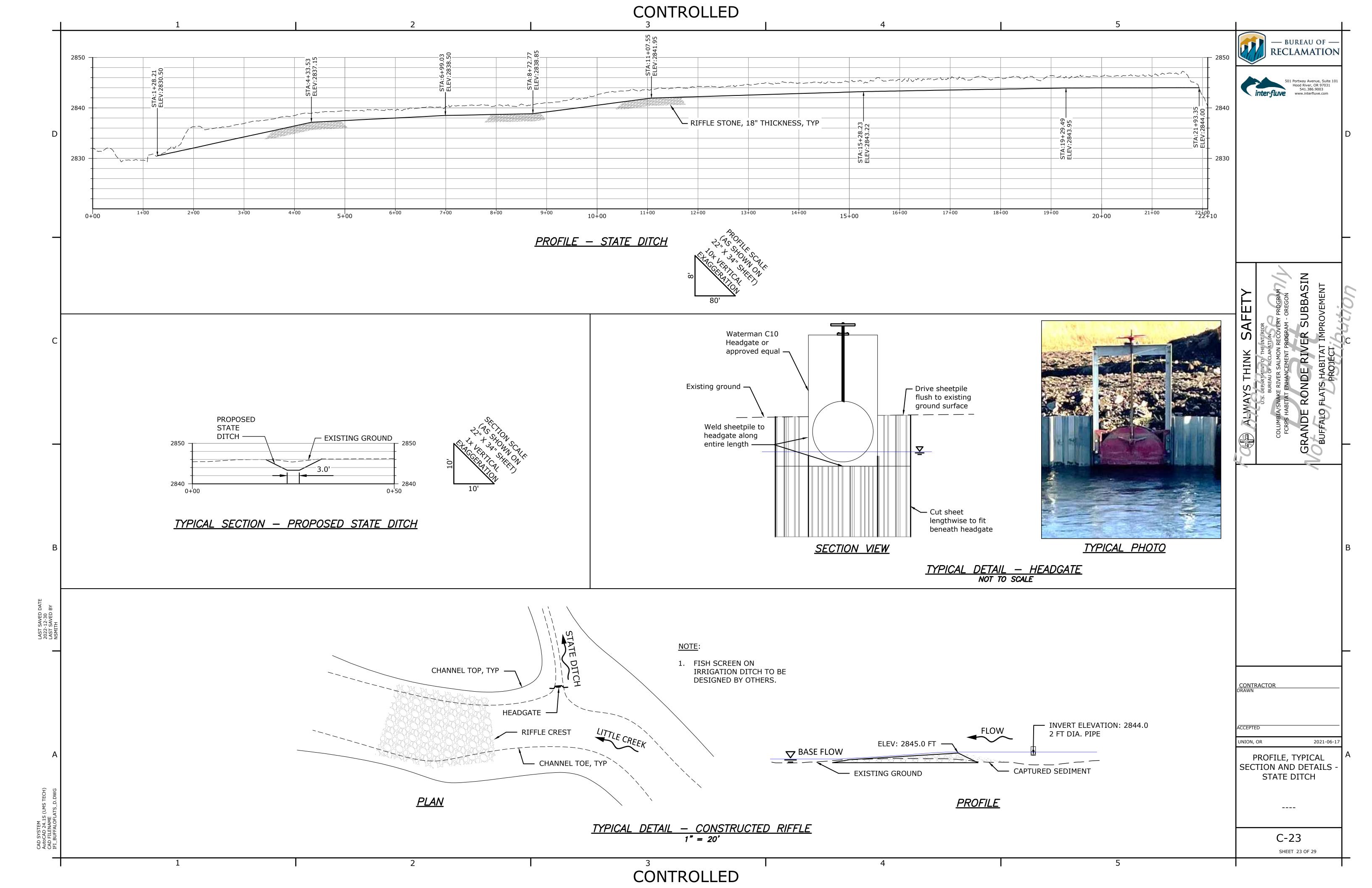


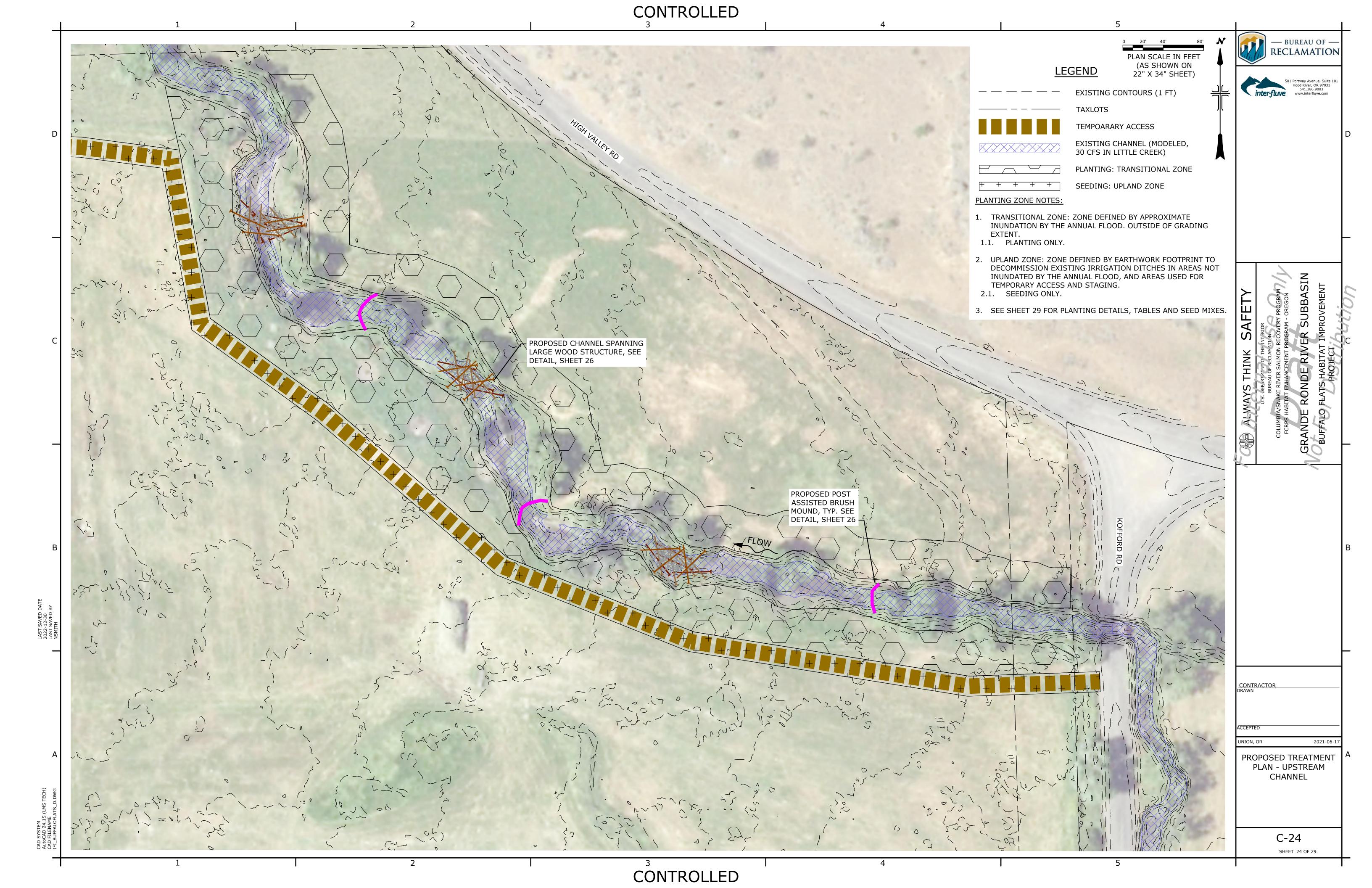


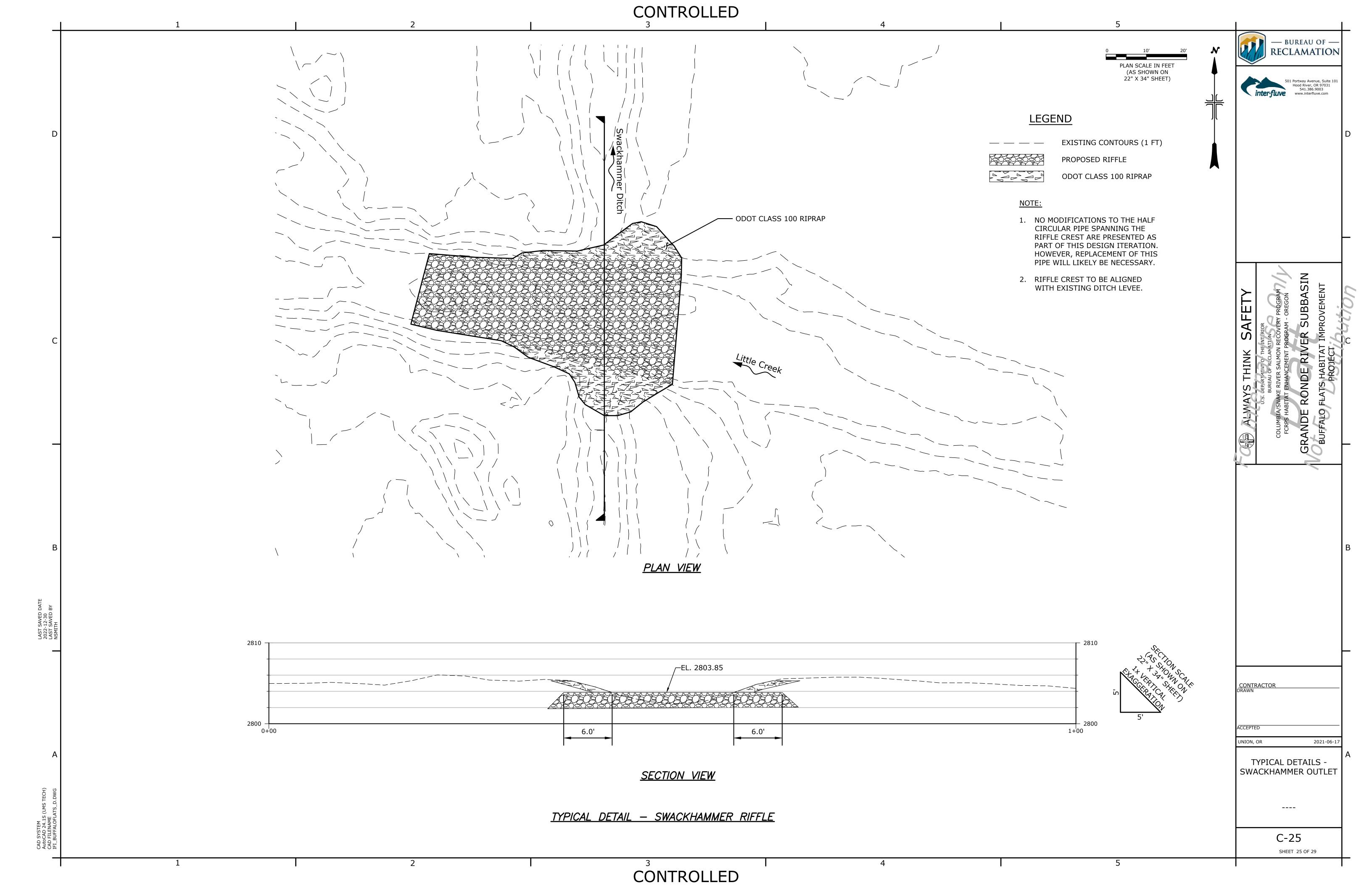


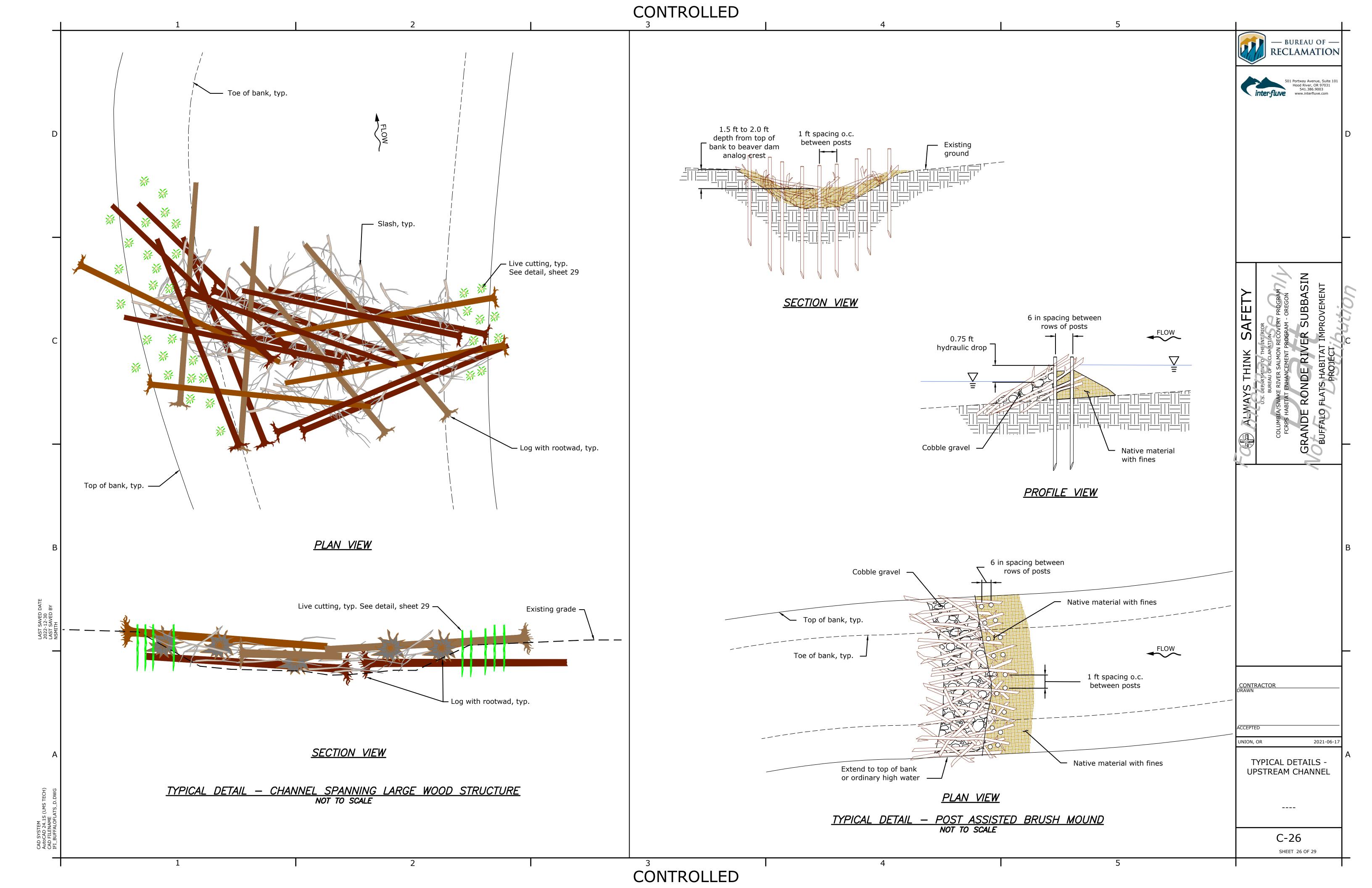


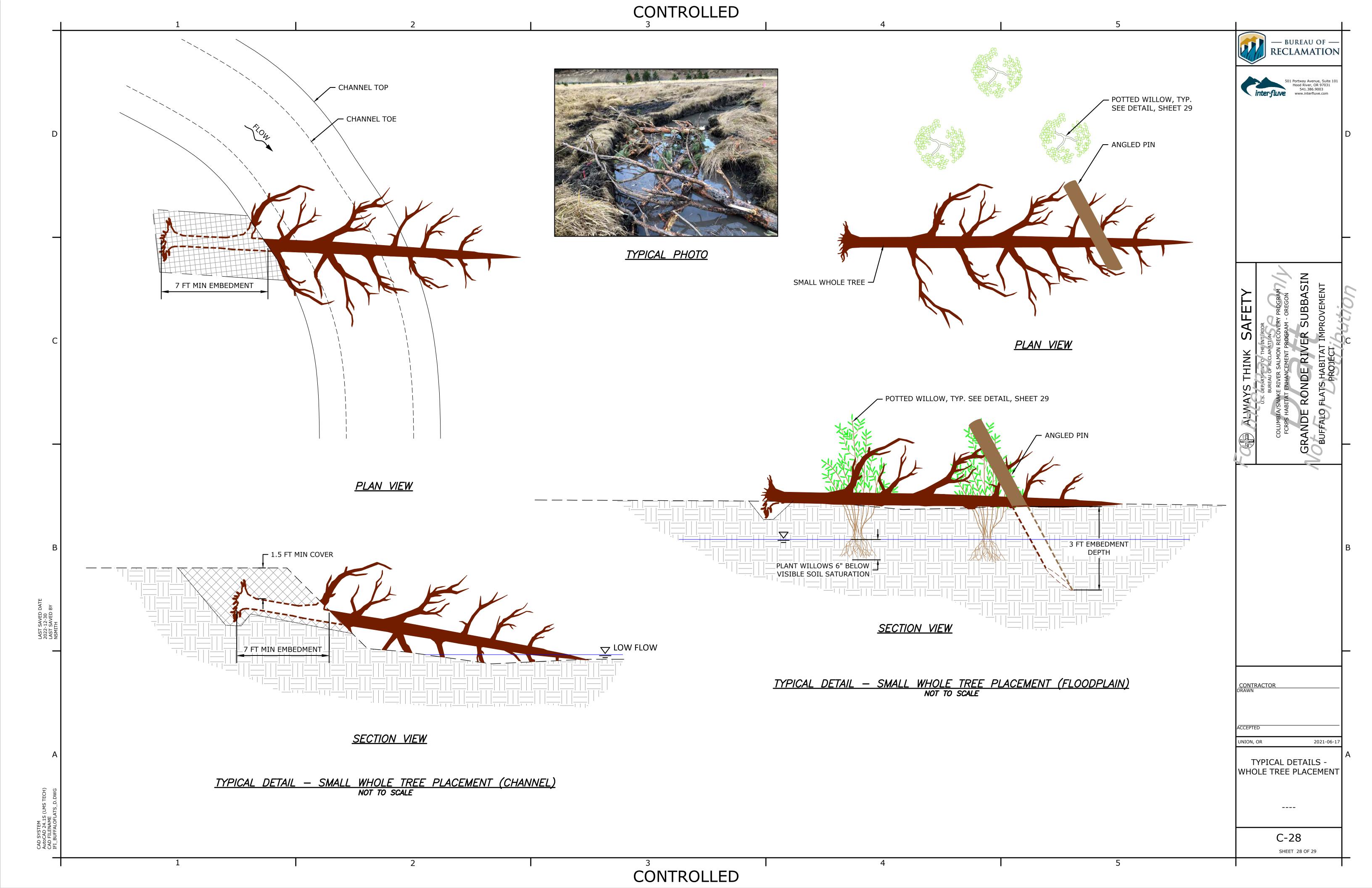












WETLAND SEEDING MIX (23.5 ACRES)							
Seeding rate: 30 lbs/acre (705 lbs)							
COMMON NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME PERCENT OF WHOLE MIX							
Nebraska sedge	Carex nebrascensis	30%					
Northwest territory sedge	Carex utriculata	30%					
Common spikerush	Eleocharis palustris	20%					
Daggerleaf rush	Juncus ensifolius	10%					
Baltic rush	Juncus balticus	10%					

WETLAND LIVE PLANTS (23.5 ACRES)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	STOCK	ТҮРЕ	SIZE	DENSITY	QUANTITY (EA)	
Nebraska sedge	Carex nebrascensis	Herbaceous	Plug	10 in3	3 ft on center	22760	
Northwest territory sedge	Carex utriculata	Herbaceous	Plug	10 in3	3 ft on center	22760	
Common spikerush	Eleocharis palustris	Herbaceous	Plug	10 in3	3 ft on center	22760	
Daggerleaf rush	Juncus ensifolius	Herbaceous	Plug	10 in3	3 ft on center	22760	
Baltic rush	Juncus balticus	Herbaceous	Plug	10 in3	3 ft on center	22760	

SEEDING AND PLANTING: RIPARIAN ZONE

Seeding rate: 30 lbs/acre (468 lbs)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	PERCENT OF WHOLE MIX					
Blue wildrye	Elymus glaucus	35%					
Thickspike wheatgrass	Elymus lanceolatus	35%					
Tufted hairgrass	Deschampsia caespitosa	15%					
Bluejoint reedgrass	Calamagrostis canadensis	15%					

RIPARIAN LIVE PLANTS (25.8 ACRES)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	STOCK	TYPE	SIZE	DENSITY	QUANTITY (EA)	
Coyote willow	Salix exigua	Shrub	Live cutting	3 ft, 1.5-2" diameter	Clusters of 4; 5 ft on center	179720	
Coyote willow	Salix exigua	Shrub	Tubeling	10 in3	3 ft on center	39940	
Red osier dogwood	Cornus sericea	Shrub	Tubeling	10 in3	3 ft on center	39940	

PLANTING: RIPARIAN ZONE

RIPARIAN LIVE PLANTS (5.2 ACRES)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	STOCK	TYPE	SIZE	DENSITY	QUANTITY (EA)	
Coyote willow	Salix exigua	Shrub	Live cutting	3 ft, 1.5-2" diameter	Clusters of 4; 5 ft on center	36240	
Coyote willow	Salix exigua	Shrub	Tubeling	10 in3	3 ft on center	8060	
Red osier dogwood	Cornus sericea	Shrub	Tubeling	10 in3	3 ft on center	8060	

PLANTING: TRANSITIONAL ZONE

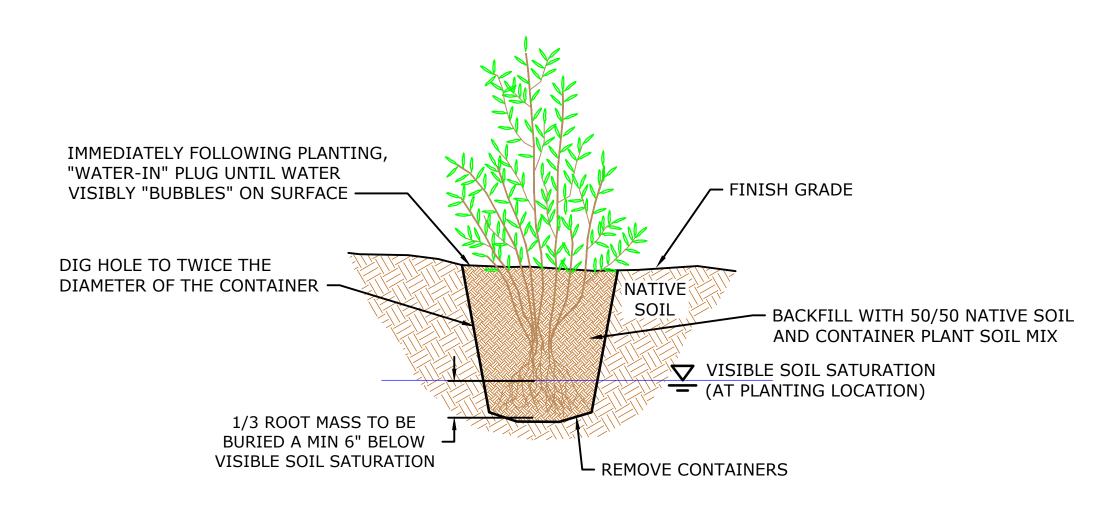
TRANSITIONAL LIVE PLANTS (29.9 ACRES)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	STOCK	ТҮРЕ	SIZE	DENSITY	QUANTITY (EA)	
Pacific willow	Salix lasiandra	Tree	Live cutting	3 ft, 1.5-2" diameter	Clusters of 4; 10 ft on center	17320	
Pacific willow	Salix lasiandra	Tree	Tubeling	10 in3	10 ft on center	4330	
Black cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	Tree	Live cutting	3 ft, 1.5-2" diameter	Clusters of 4; 10 ft on center	17320	

SEEDING: UPLAND ZONE

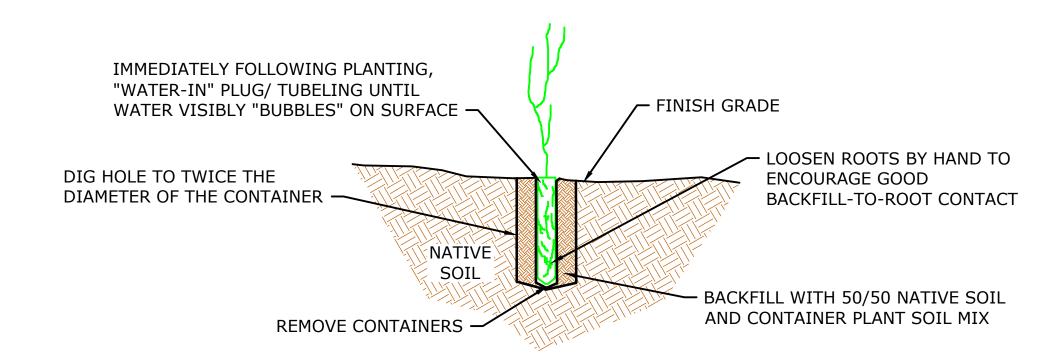
UPLAND SEED MIX (9.9 ACRES)							
Seeding rate: 40 lbs/acre (452 lbs)							
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	PERCENT OF WHOLE MIX					
Bluebunch wheatgrass	Pseudoroegneria spicata	50%					
Thickspike wheatgrass	Elymus lanceolatus	30%					
Prairie junegrass	Koeleria macrantha	20%					

NOTES:

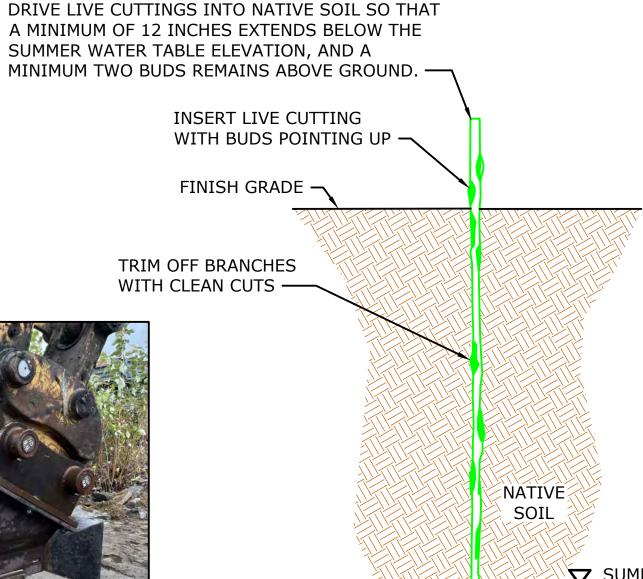
- 1. SOME PLANTING AREAS OVERLAP WITH LOG STRUCTURE PLACEMENTS AND SOME AREAS WILL BE MORE SUITABLE FOR PLANTING THAN OTHERS. PLANTING IN THESE AREAS WILL BE CONFIGURED TO WORK AROUND LOG STRUCTURES OR ADDED TO OTHER IDENTIFIED PLANTING AREAS TO OPTIMIZE PROJECT PERFORMANCE PER APPROVAL OF OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 2. AREAS WITH NO GROUND DISTURBANCE ARE BEING PLANTED ONLY, NOT SEEDED.



TYPICAL DETAIL — BURIED POTTED/ TUBELING WILLOW NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL DETAIL — PLUG/ TUBELING NOT TO SCALE



MIN 12 INCHES

1. DEVELOP PILOT HOLE TO 1 FT BELOW WATER TABLE DEPTH. PUMP WATER INTO HOLE. INSTALL LIVE CUTTINGS WITH CUT ENDS DOWN (SEE PLANTING STINGER PHOTO FOR EXAMPLE PLANTING TOOL).

2. CONTINUE TO PUMP WATER INTO HOLE AND COMPACT SOIL BACKFILL IN LIFTS TO IMPROVE STEM TO SOIL CONTACT.

3. WATER IN FINISHED CUTTING UNTIL WATER VISIBLY "BUBBLES" ON SURFACE.

SUMMER BASE FLOW OR WATER TABLE — (AT PLANTING LOCATION)

CUT END AT 45 DEGREE ANGLE IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION

NOTES:

TYPICAL DETAIL — LIVE CUTTING
NOT TO SCALE

C-29

SHEET 29 OF 29

CONTROLLED

TYPICAL PHOTO - PLANTING STINGER

SUBBASIN

— BUREAU OF — RECLAMATION

inter-fluve

CONTRACTOR DRAWN

UNION, OR 2021-06-1

PLANTING DETAILS, TABLES AND SEED MIXES
